#### 2019-2023 FIVE YEAR CAPITAL OUTLAY PLAN (2019-2020 FIRST FUNDING YEAR)

#### **Compton Community College District**

Prepared in	n reference to the Community College Construction Act of and ed on behalf of the local governing board for submission to office of the Chancellor, California Community Colleges	
Signed	Dr. Keith Curry (Chief Executive Officer or their designee)	
Title	President/CEO	
Date	3/6/2020	
Contact Person	Dr. Keith Curry	
Telephone	310-900-1600	
Date Received at Chancellor's Office:	Chancellor's Offic Reviewed by:	ce
	Notice of Approv	al



#### **Inventory of Land**

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### **Compton Community College District 710**

List the address and acreage of every land unit owned by the district (Education Code 81821(e)).

Please identify all locations, both on-campus and off-campus, grouped according to their "parent" institution.

In the event the list is long or complicated, please substitute copies of college bulletins or other notices to the public which display similar information. The list should be current as of October the prior year.

Address	Acres	
Compton College 1111 East Artesia Boulevard Compton, CA 90221	88	
Total Acreage:	88	

Le	gislative Districts		
Campus	Assembly	Senate	House
Compton College	64	35	44

#### **Instructional Delivery Locations**

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#### **Compton Community College District 710**

#### Address

#### **Buena Vista Continuation High School**

3717 Michelson Street Lakewood, CA 90712

#### **Centennial High School**

2606 North Central Avenue Compton, CA 90222

#### **Centinela Hospital Medical Center**

555 East Hardy Street Inglewood, CA 90301

#### **Compton College**

1111 East Artesia Boulevard Compton, CA 90221

#### **Compton High School**

601 South Acacia Avenue Compton, CA 90220

#### **Dominguez High School**

15301 San Jose Avenue Compton, CA 90221

#### Firebaugh High School

5246 Martin Luther King Jr. Lynwood, CA 90262

#### **Harbor UCLA Medical Center**

1000 West Carson Street Torrance, CA 90502

#### Los Angeles Community Hospital

4081 East Olympic Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90023

#### Lynwood High School

4050 Imperial Highway Lynwood, CA 90262

#### Memorial Hospital of Gardena

1145 West Redondo Beach Blvd. Gardena CA 90247

#### **Paramount High School**

15110 California Avenue Paramount, CA 90723

#### Saint Francis Medical Center

3680 East Imperial Highway Lynwood, CA 90262

#### Veterans Home of California

11500 Nimitz Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90049

#### Willowbrook Middle School

2601 N. Wilmington Avenu Compton, CA 90222

# District Projects Priority Order (2017 - 2023) Page 1/2

Planning									Page 1/2
Compton Com	nunity Co	llege Dist	rict 710						
No. Project					Sc	hedule of Fur	nds		
Campus	Source	Total Cost	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
2 Infrastructure Repl	acement Phase	1 (H&S)							
Compton College		, ,							
Occupancy: 2013-14 Net ASF: 0	STATE: DISTRICT:	\$31,006,000 \$5,003,000							
3 Infrastructure Repl	acement Phase								
Compton College									
Occupancy: 2013-14 Net ASF: 0	STATE: DISTRICT:	\$12,682,000 \$1,166,000							
4 Allied Health Buildi		+ + 1,100,000							
Compton College									
Occupancy: 2015-16 Net ASF: 13,983	STATE: DISTRICT:	\$8,946,000 \$3,678,000							
5 Instructional Buildi									
Compton College	g . Nepiacelli	V.II.		Phase C					
Occupancy: 2020-21	STATE:	\$15,040,000		\$14,258,000					
Net ASF: -14,977	DISTRICT:	\$3,753,000		\$2,927,000					
6 Instructional Buildi	ng 2 Replacem	ent							
Compton College			Phase P	Phase W	Phases C, E				
Occupancy: 2021-22	STATE:	\$16,167,000	\$765,000		\$14,891,000				
Net ASF: 2,905	DISTRICT:	\$8,829,000	\$401,000	\$268,000	\$8,160,000				
7 Delta Building Ren	ovation for Poli	ce							
Compton College	STATE.	Φ0	Phases C, E						
Occupancy: 2019-20 Net ASF: 1,015	STATE: DISTRICT:	\$0 \$4,706,000	\$0 \$4,373,000						
8 Student Services/A	dministration F	Project							
Compton College			Phase P	Phase W	Phases C, E				
Occupancy: 2021-22	STATE:	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0				
Net ASF: 10,865	DISTRICT:	\$20,382,000	\$826,000	\$745,000	\$18,812,000				
9 Vocational Technol	logy Renovatio	n							
Compton College						Phases C, E			
Occupancy: 2021-22 Net ASF: 0	STATE: DISTRICT:	\$0 \$12,820,000			\$0 \$1,320,000	\$0 \$11,500,000			
10 MIS Building #21 U					ψ1,020,000	Ψ11,000,000			
Compton College	pg (						Phases C, E		
Occupancy: 2021-22	STATE:	\$0					\$0		
Net ASF: 0	DISTRICT:	\$3,000,000					\$2,720,000		
11 Math Science Reno	vation								
Compton College					Phase P		Phases C, E		
Occupancy: 2022-23 Net ASF: 0	STATE: DISTRICT:	\$0 \$8,398,000			\$0 \$250,000		\$0 \$7,700,000		
12 CDC Renovation	DISTRICT:	φο, <u></u> 380,000			φ∠50,000	φ <del>44</del> 0,000	φι,ιυυ,υυυ		
Compton College						Dhagas D M	Dhoose C. F		
Occupancy: 2022-23	STATE:	\$0				Phases P, W	Phases C, E \$0		
Net ASF: 0	DISTRICT:	\$3,000,000					\$2,640,000		
13 Physical Education	Complex Repl	acement							
Compton College						Phases P, W	Phases C, E		
Occupancy: 2024-25	STATE:	\$16,168,000				\$1,254,000	\$14,914,000		
Net ASF: 1,377	DISTRICT:	\$16,160,000				\$1,279,000	\$14,880,000		

# District Projects Priority Order (2017 - 2023)

Compto	n Comr	nunity Col	llege Distr	ict 710						
No. Project						Sch	edule of Fun	ds		
Campus		Source	Total Cost	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
14 Visual a	nd Perform	ing Arts Replac	ement							
Compton Col	lege								Phases P, W	Phases C, E
Occupancy: Net ASF:	2025-26 -64	STATE: DISTRICT:	\$9,990,000 \$0						\$869,000 \$0	\$9,121,000 \$0
15 Student	Activities C	Center Replacer	ment							
Compton Col	lege									Phases P, W
Occupancy: Net ASF:	2025-26 2,959	STATE: DISTRICT:	\$0 \$6,232,000							\$0 \$531,000
16 Instructi	ional Buildi	ng 3 Replacem	ent							
Compton Col	lege									Phases P, W
Occupancy: Net ASF:	2025-26 9,542	STATE: DISTRICT:	\$0 \$7,496,000							\$0 \$616,000
GRAND TOTAL	LS		Total Cost	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
		STATE:	\$109,999,000	\$765,000	\$14,769,000	\$14,891,000	\$1,254,000	\$14,914,000	\$869,000	\$9,121,000
		DISTRICT:	\$104,623,000	\$5,600,000	\$3,940,000	\$28,542,000	\$13,587,000	\$27,940,000	\$0	\$1,147,000



### **District Capacity/Load Ratios**

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## El Camino Community College District (Compton) 710

## **District Lecture Capacity/Load Ratios**

No.	Project	-								
	Lect ASF	WSCH	Occupancy	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
5	Instruction	al Building 1	Replacement							
	-592	-1,251	2020			65,387				
El Ca	amino College	Compton Cer	nter			130%				
6		_	Replacement							
	4,027	8,513	2021				73,900			
El Ca	amino College	Compton Cei	nter ————————————————————————————————————				144%			
8	Student Se	rvices/Admir	nistration Project	t						
	1,209	2,556	2021				76,456			
El Ca	mino College	Compton Cer	nter				149%			
9	Vocational	Technology	Renovation							
	0	0	2021				76,456			
El Ca	amino College	Compton Cer	nter				149%			
11	Math Scien	ce Renovatio	on							
	0	0	2022					76,456		
El Ca	amino College	Compton Cer	nter					146%		
12	CDC Renov	ation								
	0	0	2022					76,456		
El Ca	amino College	Compton Cer	nter					146%		
13	Physical Ed	lucation Con	nplex Replaceme	ent						
	-1,138	-2,405	2024							74,051
El Ca	amino College	Compton Cer	nter							136%
Lect	ure Summary	/ Totals		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
Lect	ture ASF Actu	al*/Projected	WSCH	48,231	49,242	50,218	51,211	52,226	53,260	54,311
3	1,520 Cum	ulative Capa	city	66,638	66,638	66,638	65,387	76,456	76,456	76,456
	Сар	acity/Load Ra	atio	138%	135%	133%	128%	146%	144%	141%

### **District Capacity/Load Ratios**

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## El Camino Community College District (Compton) 710

## **District Lab Capacity/Load Ratios**

No.	Projec	:t	-							
	Lab ASI	WSCH	Occupancy	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
5	Instruc	tional Building 1	Replacement							
	1,9	-	2020			25,956				
El Ca	amino Co	llege Compton Cer	nter			108%				
6	Instruc	tional Building 2	Replacement							
	2,0	•	2021				27,623			
El Ca	amino Co	llege Compton Cer	nter				113%			
8	Studer	nt Services/Admir	nistration Proiect	t						
	2,6		2021	•			28,634			
El Ca	amino Co	llege Compton Cer	nter				117%			
9	Vocati	onal Technology	Renovation							
	C		2021				28,634			
El Ca	amino Co	llege Compton Cer	nter				117%			
11	Math S	cience Renovatio	on							
	(	0	2022					28,634		
El Ca	amino Co	llege Compton Cer	nter					115%		
Lab	Summary	y / Totals		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
La	ab ASF	Actual*/Projected	WSCH	23,500	23,485	23,950	24,423	24,908	25,401	25,902
6	7,900	Cumulative Capac	city	24,237	24,237	24,237	25,956	28,634	28,634	28,634
		Capacity/Load Ra	tio	103%	103%	101%	106%	115%	113%	111%
		Capacity/Load Ra	liio	103%	10370	10176	10070	11070	11370	

### **District Capacity/Load Ratios**

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## El Camino Community College District (Compton) 710

## **District Office Capacity/Load Ratios**

No.	Projec	t								
	Off ASF	FTE	Occupancy	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
7	Delta E	Building Renovat	ion for Police							
	-2,0	25 -14	2019		269					
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Ce	enter		144%					
5	Instruc	tional Building 1	Replacement							
	-2,3	22 -17	2020			252				
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Ce	enter			131%				
6	Instruc	tional Building 2	2 Replacement							
	-3,7		2021				225			
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Ce	enter				115%			
8	Studen	t Services/Admi	nistration Projec	•						
•	4,2		2021	•			255			
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Ce	enter				130%			
9	Vocatio	onal Technology	Renovation							
	0		2021				255			
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Ce	enter				130%			
11	Math S	cience Renovati	on							
•	0		2022					255		
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Ce	enter					128%		
13	Physic	al Education Co	mplex Replacem	ent						
	-1,1		2024							247
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Ce	enter							118%
Offic	e Summa	ary / Totals		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
Offi	ce ASF	Actual*/Projected	I FTE	182	187	192	196	200	205	210
3	9,647	Cumulative Capa	acity	283	283	269	252	255	255	255
		Capacity/Load Ra	atio	156%	151%	140%	129%	128%	125%	122%



### **District Capacity/Load Ratios**

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## El Camino Community College District (Compton) 710

## **District Library Capacity/Load Ratios**

No.	Projec	t										
		Lib ASF	Occupancy	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25		
5	Instruc	tional Building 1	Replacement									
		-7,354	2020			21,518						
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Cen	iter			85%						
6	Instructional Building 2 Replacement											
		1,600	2021				23,118					
El Camino College Compton Center 90%												
8	Studen	t Services/Admin	istration Project	<b>1</b>								
		3,550	2021	•			26,668					
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Cen	iter				104%					
Libra	ry Sumn	nary / Totals		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25		
Libra	ary ASF	Actual*/Projected /	ASF	23,882	24,906	25,248	25,594	25,950	26,313	26,675		
28	8,872	Cumulative Capac	sity	28,872	28,872	28,872	21,518	26,668	26,668	26,668		
		Capacity/Load Rat	tio	121%	116%	114%	84%	103%	101%	100%		



### **District Capacity/Load Ratios**

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## El Camino Community College District (Compton) 710

## **District AV/TV Capacity/Load Ratios**

No.	Projec	t									
		AVTV ASF	Occupancy	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	
5	Instruc	tional Building 1 F	Replacement								
		-316	2020			4,397					
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Cent	ter			43%					
6	Instructional Building 2 Replacement										
		-2,462	2021				1,935				
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Cent	ter				19%				
8	Studen	nt Services/Admini	stration Project								
Ū	Otauo.	1,200	2021				3,135				
El Ca	mino Col	lege Compton Cent	ter				30%				
AV/T	/ Summa	ary / Totals		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	
AV/	TV ASF	Actual*/Projected A	ASF	9,902	10,129	10,204	10,281	10,360	10,440	10,520	
4	,713	Cumulative Capaci	ty	4,713	4,713	4,713	4,397	3,135	3,135	3,135	
		Capacity/Load Rati	io	48%	47%	46%	43%	30%	30%	30%	



## **Compton Community College District 710**

#### **District Load Distribution**

	Instructional Staff FTE	Total Campus WSCH	Off-Campus WSCH	On-Campus WSCH	P.E. Laboratory WSCH	On-Campus Lecture WSCH	On-Campus Laboratory WSCH
Actual							
2015	177	75,630	6,360	69,270	3,408	47,484	18,370
2016	204	79,324	3,792	75,532	3,897	50,471	21,164
Projected							
2017	199	76,678	3,704	72,974	3,634	46,674	22,666
2018	182	78,192	3,589	74,603	2,872	48,231	23,500
2019	187	79,744	3,987	75,757	3,030	49,242	23,485
2020	192	81,324	4,066	77,258	3,090	50,218	23,950
2021	196	82,932	4,147	78,785	3,151	51,211	24,423
2022	200	84,577	4,229	80,348	3,214	52,226	24,908
2023	205	86,251	4,313	81,938	3,278	53,260	25,401



### **Compton Community College District 710**

## **Instructional Load by Campus**

WSCH Distributed to Campuses or Other Locations

		Actual			Projected					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
El Camino College Compton Center										
	79,142	75,630	79,324	76,678	78,192	79,744	81,324	82,932	84,577	86,251
Total	79,142	75,630	79,324	76,678	78,192	79,744	81,324	82,932	84,577	86,251



# **Compton Community College District 710**

#### **Total District Library Load**

i otai Biot	riot Elbrary L	<b>-</b> 044					
(a)	Total Day- Graded (b)	Number of Campuses (c)	Initial ASF (3,795/Camp) (d)	First 3,000 Day Graded (3.83/DG) (e)	Between 3k - 9k (3.39/DG) (f)	Above 9,000 (2.94/DG) (g)	Total ASF (d+e+f+g)
Projected							
2017	5,708	1	3,795	11,490	9,180	0	24,465
2018	5,536	1	3,795	11,490	8,597	0	23,882
2019	5,838	1	3,795	11,490	9,621	0	24,906
2020	5,939	1	3,795	11,490	9,963	0	25,248
2021	6,041	1	3,795	11,490	10,309	0	25,594
2022	6,146	1	3,795	11,490	10,665	0	25,950
2023	6,253	1	3,795	11,490	11,028	0	26,313

#### **Load Distribution and Staff Forecast**

#### **Library Load by Campus or Location**

		Projected							
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
El Camino College Compton Center	•								
	24,465	23,882	24,906	25,248	25,594	25,950	26,313		
	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)		
Total	24,465	23,882	24,906	25,248	25,594	25,950	26,313		



# **Compton Community College District 710**

#### **Total District AV, Radio, TV Load**

	,	,					
(a)	Total Day- Graded (b)	Number of Campuses (c)	Initial ASF (3,500/Camp) (d)	First 3,000 Day Graded (1.50/DG) (e)	Between 3k - 9k (0.75/DG) (f)	Above 9,000 (0.25/DG) (g)	Total ASF (d+e+f+g)
Projected							
2017	5,708	1	3,500	4,500	2,031	0	10,031
2018	5,536	1	3,500	4,500	1,902	0	9,902
2019	5,838	1	3,500	4,500	2,129	0	10,129
2020	5,939	1	3,500	4,500	2,204	0	10,204
2021	6,041	1	3,500	4,500	2,281	0	10,281
2022	6,146	1	3,500	4,500	2,360	0	10,360
2023	6,253	1	3,500	4,500	2,440	0	10,440

#### **Load Distribution and Staff Forecast**

#### AV, Radio, TV Load by Campus or Location

		Projected							
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
El Camino College Compton Center									
·	10,031	9,902	10,129	10,204	10,281	10,360	10,440		
	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)		
Total	10,031	9,902	10,129	10,204	10,281	10,360	10,440		

Campus Reports for Compton College (711)



#### **Campus Capacity/Load Ratios**

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# El Camino Community College District (Compton) 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

#### **Campus Lecture Capacity/Load Ratios**

No.	Project									
Le	ect ASF	WSCH	Occupancy	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
5	Instruction -592	nal Building 1 -1,251	Replacement 2020			65,387				
El Car	nino College	Compton Co	enter			130%				
6	Instruction 4,027	nal Building 2 8,513	Replacement 2021				73,900			
El Car	nino College	Compton Co	enter				144%			
8	Student S 1,209	ervices/Adm 2,556	inistration Project 2021				76,456			
El Car	nino College	Compton Co	enter				149%			
9	Vocationa 0	l Technology 0	Renovation 2021				76,456			
El Car	nino College	Compton Co	enter				149%			
11	Math Scie	nce Renova 0	tion 2022					76,456		
El Car	nino College	Compton Co	enter					146%		
12	CDC Ren	ovation 0	2022					76,456		
El Car	nino College	Compton Co	enter					146%		
13	Physical E -1,138	Education Co -2,405	omplex Replacemen 2024	t						74,051
El Car	nino College	Compton Co	enter							136%
				2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
1		ıal*/Projecte	d WSCH	48,231	49,242	50,218	51,211	52,226	53,260	54,311
		nulative Cap	acity	66,638	66,638	66,638	65,387	76,456	76,456	76,456
31	,520 Cap	acity/Load R	atio	138%	135%	133%	128%	146%	144%	141%

#### **Campus Capacity/Load Ratios**

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# El Camino Community College District (Compton) 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

#### **Campus Lab Capacity/Load Ratios**

No. Proje	ect								
Lab AS		Occupancy	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
5 Inst		g 1 Replacement 2020			25,956				
El Camino C	ollege Compton	Center			108%				
6 Inst		g 2 Replacement 2021				27,623			
El Camino C	ollege Compton	Center				113%			
8 Stu-		Iministration Project 2021				28,634			
El Camino C	ollege Compton	Center				117%			
9 Voc	cational Technolo 0	ngy Renovation 2021				28,634			
El Camino C	ollege Compton	Center				117%			
11 Mat 0	th Science Reno	vation 2022					28,634		
El Camino C	ollege Compton	Center					115%		
			2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
Lab ASF	Actual*/Projec  Cumulative Ca		23,500 24,237	23,485 24,237	23,950 24,237	24,423 25,956	24,908 28,634	25,401 28,634	25,902 28,634
67,900	Capacity/Load		103%	103%	101%	106%	115%	113%	111%

#### **Campus Capacity/Load Ratios**

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# El Camino Community College District (Compton) 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

# **Campus Office Capacity/Load Ratios**

No.	Project		-							
C	Off ASF	FTE	Occupancy	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
7	Delta Bi -2,025	uilding Renova -14	ation for Police 2019		269					
El Car	mino Colleç	ge Compton C	enter		144%					
5	Instructi -2,322	onal Building -17	1 Replacement 2020			252				
El Cai	mino Colle	ge Compton C	enter			131%				
6	Instructi -3,761	onal Building	2 Replacement 2021				225			
El Car	mino Colle	ge Compton C	enter				115%			
8	Student 4,206	Services/Adm 30	ninistration Project 2021				255			
El Ca	mino Colle	ge Compton C	enter				130%			
9	Vocation 0	nal Technolog 0	y Renovation 2021				255			
El Cai	mino Colle	ge Compton C	enter				130%			
11	Math So	cience Renova 0	ation 2022					255		
El Ca	mino Colleç	ge Compton C	enter					128%		
13	Physica -1,152	l Education Co -8	omplex Replacemer 2024	nt						247
El Ca	mino Colle	ge Compton C	enter							118%
				2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
	ce ASF	ctual*/Projecte umulative Cap		182 283	187 283	192 269	196 252	200 255	205 255	210 255
38		apacity/Load F	Ratio	156%	151%	140%	129%	128%	125%	122%



#### **Campus Capacity/Load Ratios**

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# El Camino Community College District (Compton) 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

### **Campus Library Capacity/Load Ratios**

No.	Projec	t								
		Lib ASF	Occupancy	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
5	Instru	ctional Building 1 -7,354	Replacement 2020			21,518				
El Can	mino Col	lege Compton Co	enter			85%				
6	Instru	ctional Building 2 1,600	2 Replacement 2021				23,118			
El Car	mino Col	lege Compton Co	enter				90%			
8	Stude	nt Services/Adm 3,550	inistration Project 2021				26,668			
El Can	mino Col	lege Compton Co	enter				104%			
				2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
		Actual*/Projected	d ASF	23,882	24,906	25,248	25,594	25,950	26,313	26,675
		Cumulative Capa	acity	28,872	28,872	28,872	21,518	26,668	26,668	26,668
28	3,872	Capacity/Load R	atio	121%	116%	114%	84%	103%	101%	100%



#### **Campus Capacity/Load Ratios**

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# El Camino Community College District (Compton) 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

#### Campus AV/TV Capacity/Load Ratios

No.	Project									
		AVTV ASF	Occupancy	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
5	Instru	ctional Building 1 -316	Replacement 2020			4,397				
El Car	mino Coll	ege Compton Ce	enter			43%				
6	Instru	ctional Building 2 -2,462	Replacement 2021				1,935			
El Car	mino Coll	ege Compton Ce	enter				19%			
8	Stude	nt Services/Admi 1,200	nistration Project 2021				3,135			
El Car	mino Coll	ege Compton Ce	enter				30%			
				2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
		Actual*/Projected	ASF	9,902	10,129	10,204	10,281	10,360	10,440	10,520
		Cumulative Capa	icity	4,713	4,713	4,713	4,397	3,135	3,135	3,135
4,	,713	Capacity/Load Ra	atio	48%	47%	46%	43%	30%	30%	30%



# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

#### **Campus Load Distribution**

	Instructional Staff FTE	Total Campus WSCH	Off-Campus WSCH	On-Campus WSCH	P.E. Laboratory WSCH	On-Campus Lecture WSCH	On-Campus Laboratory WSCH
Actual							
2015	177	75,630	6,360	69,270	3,408	47,484	18,370
2016	204	79,324	3,792	75,532	3,897	50,471	21,164
Projected							
2017	199	76,678	3,704	72,974	3,634	46,674	22,666
2018	182	78,192	3,589	74,603	2,872	48,231	23,500
2019	187	79,744	3,987	75,757	3,030	49,242	23,485
2020	192	81,324	4,066	77,258	3,090	50,218	23,950
2021	196	82,932	4,147	78,785	3,151	51,211	24,423
2022	200	84,577	4,229	80,348	3,214	52,226	24,908
2023	205	86,251	4,313	81,938	3,278	53,260	25,401



# Compton Community College District 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

#### FTE Instruction Staff Worksheet - Fall 2017

College Instructional Staff, Fall Term. Included are all certificated staff for day, extended day, and adult education except those whose office is located off-campus.

•	•		
Staff Type (a)	Total Certificated Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b)	Non-Instructional Portion of FTE (c)	Net Total Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b-c)
Instructor	170.2	0.0	170.2
Counselor Include certificated special program coordinators, economic opportunity program, coordinators, statutory and Title 5 required staff, et. al.	14.0	0.0	14.0
Department Administrator	15.0	0.0	15.0
<b>Librarian</b> Include certificated director of audio/visual, et. al.	3.0	3.0	0.0
Institutional Administrator Include certificated persons with responsibilities covering the entire institution, such as Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, President, Dean of Instruction, Director of Data Processing, et. al.	6.0	6.0	0.0
Actual 2017 Totals	208.2	9.0	199.2

Column (b) is the total number of Column (a) distributed to categories



# **Compton Community College District 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711**

#### FTE Instruction Staff Worksheet - Fall 2018

College Instructional Staff, Fall Term. Included are all certificated staff for day, extended day, and adult education except those whose office is located off-campus.

Staff Type (a)	Total Certificated Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b)	Non-Instructional Portion of FTE (c)	Net Total Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b-c)
Instructor	152.5	0.0	152.5
Counselor Include certificated special program coordinators, economic opportunity program, coordinators, statutory and Title 5 required staff, et. al.	13.4	0.0	13.4
Department Administrator	16.0	0.0	16.0
Librarian Include certificated director of audio/visual, et. al.	1.1	1.1	0.0
Institutional Administrator Include certificated persons with responsibilities covering the entire institution, such as Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, President, Dean of Instruction, Director of Data Processing, et. al.	4.0	4.0	0.0
Projected 2018 Totals	187.0	5.1	181.9

Column (b) is the total number of Column (a) distributed to categories



# Compton Community College District 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

#### FTE Instruction Staff Worksheet - Fall 2019

College Instructional Staff, Fall Term. Included are all certificated staff for day, extended day, and adult education except those whose office is located off-campus.

Staff Type (a)	Total Certificated Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b)	Non-Instructional Portion of FTE (c)	Net Total Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b-c)
Instructor	157.0	0.0	157.0
Counselor Include certificated special program coordinators, economic opportunity program, coordinators, statutory and Title 5 required staff, et. al.	14.0	0.0	14.0
Department Administrator	16.0	0.0	16.0
<b>Librarian</b> Include certificated director of audio/visual, et. al.	2.0	2.0	0.0
Institutional Administrator Include certificated persons with responsibilities covering the entire institution, such as Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, President, Dean of Instruction, Director of Data Processing, et. al.	4.0	4.0	0.0
Projected 2019 Totals	193.0	6.0	187.0

Column (b) is the total number of Column (a) distributed to categories



# Compton Community College District 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

#### FTE Instruction Staff Worksheet - Fall 2020

College Instructional Staff, Fall Term. Included are all certificated staff for day, extended day, and adult education except those whose office is located off-campus.

·	•		
Staff Type (a)	Total Certificated Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b)	Non-Instructional Portion of FTE (c)	Net Total Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b-c)
Instructor	161.0	0.0	161.0
Counselor Include certificated special program coordinators, economic opportunity program, coordinators, statutory and Title 5 required staff, et. al.	15.0	0.0	15.0
Department Administrator	16.0	0.0	16.0
Librarian Include certificated director of audio/visual, et. al.	2.0	2.0	0.0
Institutional Administrator Include certificated persons with responsibilities covering the entire institution, such as Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, President, Dean of Instruction, Director of Data Processing, et. al.	4.0	4.0	0.0
Projected 2020 Totals	198.0	6.0	192.0

Column (b) is the total number of Column (a) distributed to categories



# Compton Community College District 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

#### FTE Instruction Staff Worksheet - Fall 2021

College Instructional Staff, Fall Term. Included are all certificated staff for day, extended day, and adult education except those whose office is located off-campus.

Staff Type (a)	Total Certificated Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b)	Non-Instructional Portion of FTE (c)	Net Total Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b-c)
Instructor	165.0	0.0	165.0
Counselor Include certificated special program coordinators, economic opportunity program, coordinators, statutory and Title 5 required staff, et. al.	15.0	0.0	15.0
Department Administrator	16.0	0.0	16.0
<b>Librarian</b> Include certificated director of audio/visual, et. al.	2.0	2.0	0.0
Institutional Administrator Include certificated persons with responsibilities covering the entire institution, such as Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, President, Dean of Instruction, Director of Data Processing, et. al.	4.0	4.0	0.0
Projected 2021 Totals	202.0	6.0	196.0

Column (b) is the total number of Column (a) distributed to categories



# Compton Community College District 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

#### FTE Instruction Staff Worksheet - Fall 2022

College Instructional Staff, Fall Term. Included are all certificated staff for day, extended day, and adult education except those whose office is located off-campus.

Staff Type (a)	Total Certificated Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b)	Non-Instructional Portion of FTE (c)	Net Total Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b-c)
Instructor	169.0	0.0	169.0
Counselor Include certificated special program coordinators, economic opportunity program, coordinators, statutory and Title 5 required staff, et. al.	15.0	0.0	15.0
Department Administrator	16.0	0.0	16.0
<b>Librarian</b> Include certificated director of audio/visual, et. al.	2.0	2.0	0.0
Institutional Administrator Include certificated persons with responsibilities covering the entire institution, such as Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, President, Dean of Instruction, Director of Data Processing, et. al.	4.0	4.0	0.0
Projected 2022 Totals	206.0	6.0	200.0

Column (b) is the total number of Column (a) distributed to categories



# Compton Community College District 710 El Camino College Compton Center 711

#### FTE Instruction Staff Worksheet - Fall 2023

College Instructional Staff, Fall Term. Included are all certificated staff for day, extended day, and adult education except those whose office is located off-campus.

Staff Type (a)	Total Certificated Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b)	Non-Instructional Portion of FTE (c)	Net Total Instructional and Statutory Staff FTE (b-c)
Instructor	173.0	0.0	173.0
Counselor Include certificated special program coordinators, economic opportunity program, coordinators, statutory and Title 5 required staff, et. al.	16.0	0.0	16.0
Department Administrator	16.0	0.0	16.0
<b>Librarian</b> Include certificated director of audio/visual, et. al.	2.0	2.0	0.0
Institutional Administrator Include certificated persons with responsibilities covering the entire institution, such as Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, President, Dean of Instruction, Director of Data Processing, et. al.	4.0	4.0	0.0
Projected 2023 Totals	211.0	6.0	205.0

Column (b) is the total number of Column (a) distributed to categories



# Cumulative Sum of Existing & Proposed Space (2018 - 2024) Page 1 / 1

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EI (	Cami	no Comn	nunity Co	ollege Dis	trict (Co	mpton) 7	10				
EI (	Cami	no Colleç	ge Comp	ton Cente	r 711						
Yea Occu	ority & ar of ipancy a)	Classroom 100's (b)	Laboratory 200's (c)	Office 300's (d)	Library 400's (e)	AV Radio TV 530-535 (f)	P.E. 520-525 (g)	Assembly 610 & 615 (h)	Inactive 050-070 (i)	All Other Areas (j)	Total ASF (k)
otal .	ASF	31,520	67,900	39,647	28,872	4,713	3 23,414	2,698	29,477	49,889	278,1
7	2019	Delta Build	ding Renova	tion for Police						3,040	
				37,622						52,929	279,1
5	2020	Instruction	nal Building 1	Replacemer	nt						
		-592							-3,652		
		30,928	69,823	35,300	21,518	3 4,397	7		25,825	50,265	264,1
6	2021	Instruction	nal Building 2	Replacemer	nt						
		4,027	2,000	-3,761	1,600				-601	2,102	
		34,955	71,823	31,539	23,118	3 1,935	5		25,224	52,367	267,0
8	2021	Student S	ervices/Adm	inistration Pro	oject						
		1,209							-377		
		36,164	74,423	35,745	26,668	3,135	5		24,847	50,844	277,9
9	2021	Vocationa	I Technology	/ Renovation							
									-247	247	
									24,600	51,091	
10	2021	MIS Buildi	ing #21 Upgi	rade (Print Sh	iop)						
				•							
11	2022	Math Scie	nce Renova	tion							
12	2022	CDC Ren	ovation						5.004	5.004	
									-5,294 19,306		
13	2024	Physical F	Education Co	mplex Replac	cement						
.5	2027	-1,138		-1,152			16,246	;	-11,392	-1,187	1,3
'a4a! <b>'</b>	Eviativ :	35,026	i	34,593			39,660		7,914		
otai I	⊏xisting	and Propose 35,026		34,593	26,668	3,135	39,660	2,698	7,914	55,198	279,3



#### **Capacity of Net Existing On-Campus ASF**

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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

#### Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)

Summary	Total Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Total Capacity WSCH	
Classroom Space	39,432	47.3	83,361	

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Area	as (Room Use 0	Codes 210, 21	5, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
0400 - Biological Sciences	6,385	235	2,717
0500 - Business and Management	2,112	128	1,650
0700 - Information Technology	4,956	171	2,898
0800 - Education	1,010	321	315
0945 - Industrial Systems Technology & Maintenance	3,868	556	696
0946 - Environmental Control Technology (HVAC)	402	556	72
0947 - Diesel Technology	959	856	112
0948 - Automotive Technology	10,856	856	1,268
0949 - Automotive Collision Repair	693	856	81
0956 - Manufacturing and Industrial Technology	3,401	385	883
1000 - Fine and Applied Arts	5,982	257	2,328
1200 - Health	4,598	214	2,149
1300 - Family and Consumer Sciences	2,060	257	802
1700 - Mathematics	1,985	150	1,323
1900 - Physical Sciences	6,977	257	2,715
3000 - Commercial Services	4,080	214	1,907
4900 - Interdisciplinary Studies	12,962	257	5,044
Summary	Total Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Total Capacity WSCH
Lab Space	73,286	272	26,959

#### Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)

Summary	Total Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Total Capacity FTE	
Office Space	38,889	140	278	

#### **Project Intent & Scope**

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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

Compton College 711				
District Priority & Project:	1 Learning Re	esource Center		
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition	on New Construction	Reconstruction	
	Replacement	Infrastructure	Equipment	
Total Estimated Cost:	\$0			
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:				
Type of Construction				
Seismic Retrofit:				
If Existing - Age:				
If Existing - Condition:				
Anticipated Time Schedule				
Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing Construct	tion Equipment	Occupancy
Year				2013-2014
Estimated Cost				

#### Explain why this project is needed:

This project is a two-story, high-tech Learning Resource Center to replace the College's current library that is located in an inadequate and seismic-unsafe structure. The new 30,000 ASF facility will provide a complete resource center with voice and data applications for individual and group learning to supplement structured instruction for the College's growing diverse student population. This need has been compounded with the occupancy of the two newly completed educational facilities (Voc./Tech. and Math./Science). In addition to learning laboratories, student will have access to multi-media services, internet services and CD-ROM data systems. The exhibit/gallery area will provide space for cultural exhibits by students, faculty and residents of the community.



#### **Project Intent & Scope**

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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 1 Learning Resource Center

#### **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary		4,695	1,577	21,108	868	1,932	30,180
Project Secondary		0	0	0	0	0	0
Project Net ASF		4.695	1.577	21.108	868	1.932	30.180

#### **Project Net Capacity**

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)		
Summary	Net ASF ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	0	0

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)						
	Primary Effect			Secondary Effect		
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
4900 - Interdisciplinary Studies	4,695	257	1,827	0	0	0
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH
Lab Space				4.695		1.827

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)						
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE			
Office Space	1 577	140	11 26			

#### **Project Intent & Scope**

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# **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project:	2 Infrastructure Replacement Phase 1 (H&S)				
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition ☐ Replacement	<ul><li></li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Reconstruction</li><li>☐ Equipment</li></ul>		
	Replacement	I illiastructure	Equipment		
Total Estimated Cost:	\$36,009,000				
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	State and Non-State				
Type of Construction					
Seismic Retrofit:					
If Existing - Age:					
If Existing - Condition:					

### **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2008-2009	2008-2009	2009-2010		2013-2014
Estimated Cost		\$1,434,000	\$1,588,000	\$32,987,000		

### Explain why this project is needed:

#### **Project Intent & Scope**

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# Compton Community College District 710

#### Compton College 711

#### District Priority & Project: 2 Infrastructure Replacement Phase 1 (H&S)

**FPP Executive Summary** 

Compton Community College was originally constructed and occupied at its current location in the early 1950's. This included the utility infrastructure for the campus. Since that time, additional buildings have been added to the campus, instructional methods and equipment have significantly changed, and safety issues and environmental requirements have also significantly changed. As a result, the current campus faces serious risks to the health and life safety of the Students, Staff, Faculty and Public if the infrastructure that supports the campus is not properly updated, upgraded and corrected.

The Infrastructure FPP components will address two critical areas of potential risks to health, life safety and property for Compton Community College District: Safety

- Fire Fighting Water Lines
- Electrical Service Safety
- Safety Lighting
- Code Blue Stations
- Security Camera System
- Emergency Communications

Public Health

- Sanitary Sewer Restoration
- Elimination of Standing Water

These risks and the proposed solutions for them are detailed in the following, more detailed, item-by-item discussion, and are reflected in the accompanying construction cost estimate.

Campus Background/History

Compton Community College was established in 1927 as a component of the Compton Union High School District. In 1933 the original campus was devastated by a major earthquake which struck the region, leaving only two buildings standing. In 1950 voters approved a bond issue separating the college from the high school district. The new college campus was then constructed at the college's present site, 1111 East Artesia Boulevard. Classes began on the new campus in the Fall of 1953.

Following the original construction of the campus in 1953, the campus remained relatively intact, with only four additional buildings being constructed during the next 50 + years. These buildings were the Jane Astredo Allied Health Building completed in 1979, the Abel B. Sykes, Jr. Child Development Center opened in 1981, the Ralph C. Dills Vocational-Technology Center in two phases in 1999 and 2002, and the Math-Sciences building completed in 2003. Most recently, two additional buildings have been constructed, the Child Development Center, which was occupied in May of

2006, and the new Library / Learning Resource Center, which is scheduled to open in the fall of 2007. With the addition of these six additional structures, the "Total Outside Gross Square Footage" (TOGSF) of facilities at the campus increased from 242,574 TOGSF to 459,873 TOGSF. However the infrastructure of the campus remained relatively unchanged and unimproved since the first buildings were constructed in the early 1950's, some 55 years ago. The goal of this FPP is threefold:

- •To address the inadequacies of the limited and aged campus infrastructure
- •To address the imminent risk of catastrophic failure that the College faces without significant repair and replacement of this aged infrastructure, and
- •To eliminate the significant threat to the safety of the Students, Faculty, Staff and Public that a failure of the current infrastructure poses, as well as the serious threat to the facilities and program of instruction that arises from the current status of the campus infrastructure.

The scope of the necessary upgrades to the existing campus infrastructure facilities covers multiple disciplines and aspects of campus infrastructure. These range from fire fighting life safety systems, to sanitary sewer systems, to roadway infrastructure for firefighting access, to student safety and security systems, and compliance with new environmental regulatory standards. Simply listed, the necessary repairs and improvements to the campus infrastructure address all of the following systems and disciplines:

- •Fire Fighting/Fire Suppression Water Systems
  •Separate Potable Water Distribution Systems
- Sanitary Sewer Systems
- Storm Drainage, Surface Run-off and On-site Retention Systems
- Natural Gas Distribution Systems
- Electrical Distribution System
- Site Lighting SystemStudent/Staff Security System

The following narrative describes the problems with each of the above-listed infrastructure systems, the threats that the current status of these systems impose on the campus, and the nature of the required corrections to each of these systems.

#### **Project Intent & Scope**

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## **Compton Community College District 710** Compton College 711

#### District Priority & Project: 2 Infrastructure Replacement Phase 1 (H&S)

Fire Fighting / Fire Suppression Water Systems

There are three separate problems with the existing water system on the campus. The first of these is the off-campus water system providing service to the campus, and the second is the nature of the on-campus water distribution system. The third is the need for a redundant connection to other external water supply systems for fire fighting and fire suppression. The first of these problems exists with the fire suppression water service to the campus.

The Compton Community College Campus is currently served by the City of Compton municipal water system. The campus has been connected through an 8-inch supply line that connects to an 8-inch water line on Greenleaf Blvd on the north side of the Campus. In 2006, a second connection to the City of Compton water system had to be constructed which is comprised of a 10-inch waterline that connects to a 12-inch Compton City water main on Santa Fe Avenue on the west side of the campus. This second water connection was necessitated because while the fire flow tests conducted by the Compton City Fire Department as a part of the completion of the new Child Development Center were acceptable, those run for the LRC indicated that the City of Compton Municipal water system was not providing adequate flow and pressure to ensure the proper functioning of the fire sprinkler system in the Library/LRC, and the LRC cannot open without this correction being completed. (It should be noted that at the time of the initial approval of the CDC and the LRC projects, City fire flow tests indicated that the flow capacities were just barely at the minimum, and therefore the City opted for additional testing prior to occupancy of the first of the two projects.) This also means that no additional construction could occur on the campus without increasing the fire flow capacity both to the Campus and within the Campus.

The existing City of Compton water system, on average, yields a static water pressure of approximately 62 PSI in this area. This is not adequate pressure to properly operate the fire sprinkler system, and to provide adequate water flow to fight a fire. A possible reason the low fire flow rates is due to the geographic location of the Compton Community College Campus within the City of Compton water system. The campus lies at the very southeast corner of the city service area, thereby not receiving optimum hydraulic advantages of the municipal system. Also the water main in Greenleaf Avenue that was the only service point to the campus is only an 8-inch diameter water main, and there are substantial head-losses when flow demand is summoned at the school campus. Normally for a development like the Compton Community College campus, a fire flow of approximately 2500 GPM or greater would be optimal.

The second problem exists with the nature, size and capacity of the water distribution system on the campus. The existing water distribution system within the Compton Community College Campus consists of a single 8-inch diameter looped waterline which encircles most buildings on the campus. On the whole, the on-campus water distribution system is adequate to satisfy the basic demands for domestic water service requirements on the Campus. However, the capacity of this single loop distribution system to also satisfy fire flow demands—demands for both the operation of fire sprinklers in the few buildings that have them and for fire fighting—are questionable at best. As previously discussed, when the new Library/LRC was finalizing construction, the City's fire flow test results were deficient to supply adequate fire flow to the Library/LRC. To increase the fire flow for these two new facilities, a second, upsized and upgraded service connection—10 inch diameter versus the original 8 inch diameter Greenleaf connection—was made to the City of Compton system, and a portion of the campus loop distribution system was also increased to a 10-inch diameter pipe from the intersection of Santa Fe Ave and South Tartar Lane east to the campus looped water system. This 10-inch water line improvement also included the removal of two existing parallel 4-inch meters. The 4-inch meters along with the 8-inch water line created enough hydraulic restriction to justify the new 10-inch water line and two in-line 10" backflow valves.

The discovery and replacement of this type of hydraulic constriction demonstrates the need to completely upgrade/replace the entire water system with new, larger and separate water distribution systems—one for domestic water distribution, and one to provide adequate flow for fire sprinkler systems and fire fighting. The age of the existing water system infrastructure, along with its inadequate sizing combine to severely restrict any campus growth, and to meet the future fire flow demands

for a safe community college campus.

Equally, if not more important to the water distribution system capacity, is the state of reliability of the existing water system. Based on recent conversations with Chevron Engineering and the college maintenance personnel, during fire flow testing many of the existing, fifty-five+ year old water line valves were witnessed to be in a state of inoperability and are in critical need of replacement. Reports by maintenance personnel indicate that some of these aged valves may not be accessible and may be permanently seized up in a partially closed position. This provides further evidence that the campus water system is operating outside of its effective service life. The water system was built in the early 1950's, and at 55+ years is well over the service life for the type and quality of materials used during that time period.

The third issue with the water distribution system is that of redundancy of connection and/or outside source of water for fire

fighting and fire suppression.

Another significant component of reliability is the redundancy of system connections to supply emergency fire flows when a portion of the water system is either shut down for maintenance or undergoing emergency repairs. The existing campus water system has limited redundancy with the City of Compton water system supplying both of the connections to the Campus water system. Based on the critical nature of the occupancy on the campus, additional connections to the City of Long Beach water system to the south in Artesia Boulevard and to the Southern California Water Service Company system to the south is prudent to provide reliable and adequate fire flow for fighting fires on the campus.

Most importantly, the above described changes are necessary to ensure that the students, staff, visitors, maintenance personnel and the State of California have the basic right to have confidence that they have reliable water supply systems that will not only provide adequate and reliable domestic water service, but, more importantly, a water distribution system

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## Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

#### District Priority & Project: 2 Infrastructure Replacement Phase 1 (H&S)

that will provide adequate and reliable fire life safety protection, both now and into the future.

#### Recommendations:

Our recommendation is to completely replace the water system with a modern, highly reliable split system which can meet or exceed the potential fire flow capacity for the college's long term growth.

As shown on the conceptual Water System Drawings (See Figure #1), a 10-inch diameter looped water main around the campus should be constructed for fire protection, with an additional 4 inch water line loop for domestic water service. Additionally, a new 12-inch diameter supply line needs to be installed to connect to the City of Compton water system, as well as new 12-inch connections needs to be made to the City of Long Beach water system and to the Southern California Water Service Company. Depending on the water pressures and supply available, the newly constructed 10-inch water main off of Santa Fe Ave might possibly remain. The proposed additional connection to the City of Long Beach or to California Water Service Company must be looked at with detailed attention to costs and water systems contribution to supply adequate fire flow. The proposed new 12-inch connection alternative on Greenleaf Ave also requires additional offsite water main construction. The water main on Greenleaf Ave will most likely need upgrading to a 10-inch or 12-inch water main all the way to Santa Fe Ave. The cost estimate reflects these probable costs.

To create redundancy in the water system as mentioned previously, the college is recommended to seek connection to the City of Long Beach water system or the California Water Service Company system.

#### Sanitary Sewer System

The existing sanitary sewer system consists of 6-inch and 8-inch vitrified clay sewer pipe that was originally constructed around the early 1930's. A more recently constructed portion of the sewer system is a 10-inch polyvinyl sewer pipe which is located at the southeast corner of the campus. There are two main sewer corridors serving the campus. The northern section of the sewer is the oldest and serves the northern portion of the campus. The southern portion of the sewer system, which recently has incurred numerous repairs, is somewhat newer. The existing sanitary sewer system is old and is past its useful service life. Evidence of this age is noted with the recent total collapse of the vitrified clay sewer line. Further, future growth cannot be accommodated with the existing system. Several portions of the existing sanitary sewer system are pressurized systems, which require and are operated by a series of pumps, which have a cost to operate and require regular maintenance. The proposed new sanitary sewer system would eliminate the need for the use of these pumps by installation of gravity collection system.

As noted previously, the existing campus sanitary sewer system currently connects into and is served by the City of Long Beach. Although the Los Angeles County Sanitation District does have sewer lines in the area and adjacent to the college, they are not servicing the college. Maintenance personnel at the College have indicated that maintenance has historically involved cleaning sewer lines to remove debris buildup. The primary cause of debris buildup has been due to solidification of grease in the pipes. Based on conversations with maintenance personnel, the concentrations of grease primarily originated from the Student Lounge/Cafeteria Building. More significantly, portions of the existing sewer system have recently experienced total collapse which created unhealthy and dangerous conditions until emergency repairs can be completed. The oldest parts of this system are over 75 years old and are well over the service life for the type and quality of materials used during that time period. A new sanitary sewer system will provide adequate functionality for current use and planned future growth.

#### Recommendation:

Our recommendation is to completely rebuild the sanitary sewer collection system on the campus with a modern, highly reliable system which can meet current capacity and provide for the College's long term growth, as shown on the attached sanitary sewer system drawings.

Evidence of the existing sanitary sewer system's age is noted with the recent collapsing of the vitrified clay sewer lines. Further, the sewer study report prepared by Boyle Engineering in November 2005 indicates that the then-approved expansion of the campus—the Performing Arts Center—would necessitate significant improvements to the sanitary sewer system.

Implementing a new sanitary sewer system will also eliminate the two sewer ejector pump systems and convert them to a gravity collection system, saving the College long term operational and maintenance costs. It is recommended that grease interceptor vaults to serve all buildings that have food services should also be installed to offset long term maintenance problems. This will eliminate grease buildup and it will satisfy new and ever stricter environmental requirements mandated for the sewer agency. Such vaults should be located external to the buildings and be sized adequately to meet the capacity requirements for each location.

To accomplish these steps, it is recommended that sewer service be transferred to the Los Angeles County Sanitation District (LACSD) A 36-inch diameter sanitary sewer overflow system would be located along Artesia Blvd along the south side of the Campus property inside an easement so that the sewer connection could be made outside of the Artesia Boulevard right-of-way. The depth of this sewer line is such that it will be capable of collecting the entire Campus site with a gravity system. In discussions with the LACSD, they indicated that such a connection would be allowed, however, since it is a relatively new system, the design and construction will be given detailed attention in order to preserve the integrity of the

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36-inch diameter sewer main. The LACSD indicated however that they would prefer that the campus sewer collection system remained private.

Storm Drainage, Surfaced Run-off and On-site Retention Systems

The existing storm drain water system for the Campus is severely limited. Only the southwest portion of the school campus is served by a shallow buried 21-inch diameter storm drain main line. This storm line collects drainage around the Shower and Locker Room buildings and the Gym, only. This same system also picks up the lawn and courtyard drainage along the south side of the Math/Science Building, and a small portion of the access road fronting the south side of these buildings. However, the exact layout of the collection system is not fully well defined due to insufficient as-built information at the Campus. This 21-inch storm main line drains south along the east edge of the football field to a storm drain system in Artesia Boulevard.

The northeast portion of the site, which includes the largest of the parking lots and the entire area around the original linear classroom wings, surface drains east toward the main north-south access road—Campus Entry Drive—which is the entrance to the Campus, running between Artesia and Greenleaf. As this road is extremely flat, surface run-off water tends to collect and pond along this road is several spots every time it rains. This ponding disrupts access in the Administration Building, making it unsafe for the public and students to have access to the building whenever rainfall occurs. Water also ponds at both the north and south sides of the Math/Sciences Building, not only making pedestrian access difficult and dangerous, but also creates a driving hazard due to the depth of the ponding. The surface flow eventually drains toward Artesia Ave, however some drainage eventually flows into the residential neighborhood to the east.

An additional problem is the wear and tear that this ponding causes to the asphalt surface of Campus Entry Drive. The asphalt breaks up constantly due to the ponding, making the pedestrian surface rough and uneven, with large, loose pieces of asphalt and aggregate. This creates a significant tripping and injury hazard. This condition is constantly being repaired and patched, which is a significant and unnecessary cost to the operating budget for the College.

The ponding has also proven, in recent years to create a health hazard, as mosquitoes tend to breed in these large ponds. The health risk of this condition is further greatly exacerbated by the recent arrival of mosquitoes carrying West Nile Virus. The westerly portion of the site, which includes the Maintenance Buildings, Allied Health Sciences Building, Child Development Center, Bookstore and the Vocational Technical building, all drain to the open concrete channel located north of the Major League Baseball fields.

The overall assessment of the drainage system is that it is grossly insufficient to properly remove storm water from around buildings, pedestrian walkways, pedestrian plaza areas, pick-up and drop-off areas, and especially from access roadways along the eastern side of the school. The total lack of an underground storm water collection system has compromised safety for maintenance personnel, staff and students and will continue to cause long term detriment to the buildings and parking lots if not attended to. In addition, the potential for mosquito breeding and possible West Nile Virus, and the injury potential of loose paving sections and ever-present loose gravel from deteriorating asphalt create significant health, safety and liability risks for the College.

Additionally, storm drain runoff and other surface water regulatory requirements have changed significantly over the last ten years. The following information has been compiled regarding current and future storm water requirements and how it may impact the College once it commences any reconstruction or expansion of the campus in the future:

WQMB (Water Quality Management Board): The State of California WQMB has no direct permit authority for this project, however they will mandate that site drainage for this project be handled in accordance with DSA requirements. Since DSA does not specifically address site storm water drainage, by default we refer to the 2001 California Building Code Section 3315.4. Here the site drainage requirements are deferred to the "building official or other appropriate jurisdiction" which in this case is the City of Compton, the Los Angeles County Flood Control District and the Los Angeles River Watershed. Although NPDES and SUSMP requirements are mandated to be complied with, the campus expansion project(s) including all construction activities therein shall comply with the following:

all construction activities therein shall comply with the following:
Basic Permit Requirements: Comply with NPDES (National Pollution Discharge Elimination System) Permit requirements if project disturbs `1 Acre of site. As part of the NPDES requirements, Contractor is to prepare and comply with SWPPP (Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan) plan as approved by the City of Compton. Contractor is to implement as a condition of the SWPPP plan, any and all BMP's as necessary to control pollutants during construction.
SUSMP Requirements: The College will be required to prepare and submit a Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan

SUSMP Requirements: The College will be required to prepare and submit a Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP) to City of Compton for approval as part of the permit submittal for construction. This SUSMP plan is to implement as a condition of the SWPPP plan, any and all BMP's which must be incorporated as necessary.

City of Compton Storm Water Policy: Per Alan Pyeatt at the City of Compton, the College will need to comply with the following: Should the permitted project exceed 5 Acres in disturbed area, whether in phases or in its entirety, then storm water detention will be required for the increased storm water run-off for the 100yr - 24 Hr storm event. This would be the difference in run-off quantity from the Pre-Developed (current condition) to the Post Developed conditions. Also, onsite infiltration will be encouraged should the site soil conditions be compatible as confirmed by a geotechnical evaluation. Storm water treatment is also recommended to be incorporated as part of the onsite storm water system design. Los Angeles County Flood Control District: Per LACFCD permit counter, no additional storm water quantity control (detention) is required unless the post developed site condition increases the amount of runoff and discharge restrictions into Compton Creek are in place by LACFCD. The restriction threshold is similar based on a first come first serve capacity

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availability basis. Should additional capacity be used up by other development within the Compton Creek drainage basin before the college applies for a building permit, then detention will be required. IF capacity is available at the time of permit, then no detention is required.

Los Angeles River Water Shed Plan: The WQMB Core regulatory for SUSMP within the Los Angeles River Watershed shall comply with the numerical design standards for Best Management Practices (BMP's) for water quality and quantity. The post-construction treatment BMP's are to be designed to mitigate(infiltrate or treat) storm water runoff from the first 3/4" inch of rainfall, prior to discharge to a storm water conveyance system, I.e. Compton Creek.

The net result is that the College needs to implement measures to provide for adequate drainage within the Campus, and initiate a plan to implement "Best Management Practices" to allow for proper storm water retention within the limits of the Campus.

#### Recommendation:

Both of the asphalt paved areas identified are recommended to be reconstructed to accommodate the new storm drainage system that is also recommended to be installed. By implementing the proposed re-grading plan along Campus Entry Drive it will serve to facilitate longevity of the new roadway paving and parking pavement sections, while it will also eliminate the extensive ponding of storm water. Further, these improvements will not only facilitate site access for students, staff, public and emergency fire life safety personnel and equipment.

The areas of the Campus Entry Drive and the site access reconstruction are shown on the attached drawing as shaded in red (See Figure #2). The existing campus main access road—Campus Entry Drive—which runs north and south along the east property line, has failed and will require total replacement. The western perimeter access road which runs north and south from the northwest corner of the property to the north edge of the Vocational Technology Building is failing as well and must be replaced.

In addition to this roadway revisions, storm drain inlets and distributions system will be added to the campus, including the creation of several retention basins throughout the campus to provide for compliance with recent environmental quality regulations regarding storm water runoff. These are also included in Figure #2.

#### Natural Gas Distribution System

The original natural gas distribution system has experienced a serious degree of failure over time, with deteriorating and collapsing buried natural gas piping, and failing joints. As a result, gas-fired equipment and appliances—typically water heaters—have been replaced in several buildings with electric heaters, which are not as energy efficient. Additionally, as more of the 55+ year old gas piping deteriorates over time, the risk for serious fire or explosion exists throughout the existing campus and its buildings.

#### Recommendation:

The recommendation is to replace the remaining buried natural gas piping, and to restore gas service to the buildings that will likely remain over the long term of the campus life with new, safer piping.

#### **Electrical Distribution System**

—Primary and Secondary Electrical Distribution Systems

The primary and secondary electrical power distribution system at the North end of the Campus was designed and installed in the early 1950s. The existing transformer substation and the primary and secondary conductors were installed in 1951-2.

Increased electrical demand in all of the educational and office spaces of the Campus has rendered the existing transformer substation inadequate for current load requirements. The primary and secondary distribution system is also in very poor condition with extensive and irreversible corrosion at terminal blocks, conductors, connectors and grounding clamps. This causes increased resistance in the distribution system with a corresponding increase in the likelihood of fire, short circuits and/or loss of power.

#### Recommendation:

Our recommendation is to install new, concrete encased conduits, new primary and secondary conductors and a new 1500 KVA transformer substation. The additional devices are shown on the conceptual Campus Electrical Distribution System Drawing.

This project will be evaluated for submittal to the CCC/IOU Energy Efficiency Partnership and will incorporate best practices training for staff, energy-efficient technology and energy management implementation.

#### Site Lighting System

Currently, the site lighting system consists of various pole mounted cobra and/or shoebox style luminaries throughout the parking lots, with pole mounted single fixture lighting and low level illuminated bollards at pedestrian walkways, and building mounted wall packs. These fixtures vary in age, wattage and manufacturer and range in condition from fair to poor. The lighting controller systems are dated and inefficient. It appears that the backbone of the current lighting system was originally constructed circa 1955 and has been repaired and/or expanded to its current configuration.

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Nighttime illumination at the campus is generally inadequate and/or non-existent. Most pedestrian walkways have less than 0.2 fc; most parking lots have less than 0.2 fc and most service, lawn and landscape areas lees than 0.1 fc. Many areas have no measurable illumination at all.

Nighttime students, staff, visitors and maintenance personnel are at risk both from a security standpoint as well as from those hazards normally associated inadequate lighting. People need to see what they are doing and where they are going.

#### Recommendation:

Our recommendation is to install new conduits, conductors and a lighting control system integrated into the currently installed ECMS. Existing lighting devices that have exceeded their lifecycle will be replaced and additional devices will be added to increase illumination levels to acceptable levels.

The additional devices are shown on the conceptual Campus-wide Lighting System Drawing. This project will be considered for submittal to the CCC/IOU Energy Efficiency Partnership and may incorporate best practices training for staff, energy-efficient technology and energy management implementation.

#### Student/ Staff Security Systems

—Fire Detection and Alarms, Electronic Safety and Security Systems, Electronic Surveillance Systems, Data and Voice Communications Systems, CATV Systems, Telephone Systems

Fire Detection and Fire Alarm Systems—Throughout all of the Campus, the fire detection and fire alarm systems are non-compliant, manually operated units, all of which have exceeded their useful life. All newer structures on the Campus have had to be stand-alone systems, which cannot be centrally monitored.

Electronic Safety, Security and Surveillance Systems—There is no centrally monitored safety or security system presently installed on the campus. Only the newer buildings have individual, remotely monitored intrusion detection systems. There is no electronic surveillance system presently installed on the campus for Campus Security.

There is no Security Alert/Notification System (Emergency Code Blue System) or equipment on the Campus.

Data and Voice Communications Systems, CATV Systems, Telephone Systems—The basic data and voice communication system is non-functional but has been selectively augmented in a piecemeal "retrofit" manner with new data cabling and wireless technology.

The original Public Address system is totally non-functional. The existing telephone system is the only available emergency communication means available to reach throughout the entirety of the campus. Expansion of emergency communication systems beyond the current capacity of the telephone system is limited.

There is no CATV system presently installed on the campus.

The fire detection and alarm systems do not provide uniform and/or code compliant protection to the campus. In the event of an emergency, available options for communication with students, staff, visitors and maintenance personnel are quite limited. Conversely, there is no available means for requesting assistance generally available to any persons on the campus—Students, Faculty, Staff or Public. Currently campus security is provided solely by the Campus Police Force, who can only be contacted by phone.

#### Recommendation:

Our recommendation is to install new, integrated Security, Safety and Communication Systems. These systems would include a fully automatic fire alarm system, with centralized and addressable campus reporting, a classroom security and communication system, code blue interactive voice system and campus-wide video surveillance cameras. The security and safety system will be scaleable to allow for future technology and/or capability expansion and will consist in its proposed

iteration of 32 PTZ video cameras, and 12 Code Blue pedestals located throughout the campus.

A conduit system will be installed composed of 4 each 5" diameter main conduits with vaults, pull-boxes and hand-holes as required for 3" feeders to allow for terminal installation of data, voice communication and CATV feeds. This system will also accommodate the cabling requirements for the addressable, automatic fire alarm system as well as the classroom security system. To take advantage of the open trenching for the security systems, new conduits for data and voice communication and CATV will also concurrently be installed.

These additional devices and conduits are shown on the conceptual Security and Communication Systems Drawing.

All of the above described work is documented on the attached plans and is incorporated into the attached detailed construction cost estimate. The construction cost estimate have also been incorporated into the JCAF 32. All of these attachments and drawings are included in the COBCP tab of the Fusion `Forms` section.

#### Original IPP Language:

The proposed project is to correct safety issues associated with the existing campus-wide utility infrastructure--with special emphasis on the electrical distribution system, and the code required fire suppression/fire fighting water distribution system. The infrastructure upgrades are required to safely support the increased electrical loads and demands that have resulted

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from recently constructed capital projects (Math/Science & Voc Tech) as well as the LRC, CDC and Stadium Upgrades that are currently under construction. The College's existing utility infrastructure was developed at the time the original campus was constructed, and is over 50 years old. In addition to the degrading effects of age (50+ years) on the infrastructure systems, all of the existing academic and administrative spaces have experienced significant changes in electrical demands resulting from the addition of computers, and other electrical equipment to support current curriculum requirements and current teaching modalities, all of which are beyond the load requirements on which the original designs were based. Additionally, all of the newly constructed buildings, as well as those under construction, impose a significantly higher utility infrastructure demand (particularly electrical) than was envisioned to be accommodated in the original system design. Additionally, the fire code requirements for fire detection, fire suppression (fire sprinklers) and fire fighting have all significantly increased over the last 50 years. The campus barely meets current fire code requirements for fire suppression/fire fighting flow requirements based on flow tests required by the local fire agency in order to receive DSA Fire Marshal approval for the buildings currently under construction. Recently passed storm water pollution prevention codes also cannot be met without significant modifications to the campus` limited storm water system. In order to prevent future catastrophic failure of these systems, a full evaluation of all existing campus infrastructure systems--fire suppression and fire fighting water systems, electrical distribution and communication systems, storm water systems, and other infrastructure systems must be evaluated for capacity to serve the campus and comply with current codes. Based on the results of this study, subsequent replacement of necessary infrastructure components is proposed. In order to expedite the investigation and design of the required upgrades, and as a part of their local participation in the project, the District proposes to fund the P and W phases of the project from their GO bond funds in order to prevent significant difficulties from occurring when the LRC, CDC, and Stadium projects are completed. This is an IPP for FY 2007/2008.



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## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary							0
Project Secondary							0
Project Net ASF							0

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)		
Summary	Net ASF ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	0	0

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)								
		Primary Effect		Secondary Effect				
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH		
-	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH		
Lab Space				0		0		

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	0		0.00

## **Project Intent & Scope**

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District Priority & Project:	3 Infrastructure Replacement Phase 2						
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition ☐ Replacement	<ul><li></li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Reconstruction</li><li>☐ Equipment</li></ul>				
Total Estimated Cost:	\$13,848,000						
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	State and Non-State						
Type of Construction							
Seismic Retrofit:							
If Existing - Age:							
If Existing - Condition:							

## **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2009-2010	2009-2010	2010-2011		2013-2014
Estimated Cost		\$788,000	\$825,000	\$12,235,000		

## Explain why this project is needed:

#### **Project Intent & Scope**

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#### District Priority & Project: 3 Infrastructure Replacement Phase 2

California Community Colleges Project Scenario Summary 2010 7/1/2008 3:04:26 PM Infrastructure Replacement Phase 1 (H&S) (Official Version) Page 1 District: Compton Community College District Project Category A4 Occupancy Date 2012/2013 Campus: Compton Community College Last Revised Date 7/1/2008 Project Name: Infrastructure Replacement Phase 2 (H&S) District Priority 7 Project Description:

FPP Executive Summary: This project is Phase 2 of an Infrastructure Replacement project approved in the 08-09 Budget

Compton Community College was originally constructed and occupied at its current location in the early 1950's. This included the utility infrastructure for the campus. Since that time, additional buildings have been added to the campus, instructional methods and equipment have significantly changed, and safety issues and environmental requirements have also significantly changed. As a result, the current campus faces serious risks to the health and life safety of the Students, Staff, Faculty and Public if the infrastructure that supports the campus is not properly updated, upgraded and corrected. The Infrastructure FPP components will address two critical areas of potential risks to health, life safety and property for Compton Community College District: Safety • Fire Fighting Water Lines • Electrical Service Safety • Safety Lighting • Code Blue Stations • Security Camera System • Emergency Communications Public Health • Sanitary Sewer Restoration • Elimination of Standing Water These risks and the proposed solutions for them are detailed in the following, more detailed, item-by-item discussion, and are reflected in the accompanying construction cost estimate. Campus Background/History Compton Community College was established in 1927 as a component of the Compton Union High School District. In 1933 the original campus was devastated by a major earthquake which struck the region, leaving only two buildings standing. In 1950 voters approved a bond issue separating the college from the high school district. The new college campus was then constructed at the college's present site, 1111 East Artesia Boulevard. Classes began on the new campus in the Fall of 1953. Following the original construction of the campus in 1953, the campus remained relatively intact, with only four additional buildings being constructed during the next 50 + years. These buildings were the Jane Astredo Allied Health Building completed in 1979, the Abel B. Sykes, Jr. Child Development Center opened in 1981, the Ralph C. Dills Vocational-Technology Center in two phases in 1999 and 2002, and the Math-Sciences building completed in 2003. Most recently, two additional buildings have been constructed, the Child Development Center, which was occupied in May of 2006, and the new Library / Learning Resource Center, which is scheduled to open in the fall of 2007. With the addition of these six additional structures, the "Total Outside Gross Square Footage" (TOGSF) of facilities at the campus increased from 242,574 TOGSF to 459,873 TOGSF. However the infrastructure of the campus remained relatively unchanged and unimproved since the first buildings were constructed in the early 1950's, some 55 years ago. The goal of this FPP is threefold: • To address the inadequacies of the limited and aged campus infrastructure • To address the imminent risk of catastrophic failure that the College faces without significant repair and replacement of this aged infrastructure, and • To eliminate the significant threat to the safety of the Students, Faculty, Staff and Public that a failure of the current infrastructure poses, as well as the serious threat to the facilities and program of instruction that arises from the current status of the campus infrastructure. The scope of the necessary upgrades to the existing campus infrastructure facilities covers multiple disciplines and aspects of campus infrastructure. These range from fire fighting life safety systems, to sanitary sewer systems, to roadway infrastructure for firefighting access, to student safety and security systems, and compliance with new environmental regulatory standards. Simply listed, the necessary repairs and improvements to the campus infrastructure address all of the following systems and disciplines: • Fire Fighting/Fire Suppression Water Systems • Separate Potable Water Distribution Systems • Sanitary Sewer Systems • Storm Drainage, Surface Run-off and On-site Retention Systems • Natural Gas Distribution Systems • Electrical Distribution System • Site Lighting System • Student/Staff Security System The following narrative describes the problems with each of the above-listed infrastructure systems, the threats that the current status of these systems impose on the campus, and the nature of the required corrections to each of these systems. Fire Fighting / Fire Suppression Water Systems There are three separate problems with the existing water system on the campus. The first of these is the off-campus water system providing service to the campus, and the second is the nature of the on-campus water distribution system. The third is the need for a redundant connection to other external water supply systems for fire fighting and fire suppression. The first of these problems exists with the fire suppression water service to the campus. The Compton Community College Campus is currently served by the City of Compton municipal water system. The campus has been connected through an 8-inch supply line that connects to an 8-inch water line on Greenleaf Blvd on the north side of the Campus. In 2006, a second connection to the City of Compton water system had to be constructed which is comprised of a 10-inch waterline that connects to a 12-inch Compton City water main on Santa Fe Avenue on the west side of the campus. This second water connection was necessitated because while the fire flow tests conducted by the Compton City Fire Department as a part of the completion of the new Child Development Center were acceptable, those run for the LRC indicated that the City of Compton Municipal water system was not providing adequate flow and pressure to ensure the proper functioning of the fire sprinkler system in the Library/LRC, and the LRC cannot open without this correction being completed. (It should be noted that at the time of the initial approval of the CDC and the LRC projects, City fire flow tests indicated that the flow capacities were just barely at the minimum, and therefore the City opted for additional testing prior to occupancy of the first of the two projects.) This also means that no additional construction could occur on the campus without increasing the fire flow capacity both to the Campus and within the Campus. The existing City



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#### District Priority & Project: 3 Infrastructure Replacement Phase 2

of Compton water system, on average, yields a static water pressure of approximately 62 PSI in this area. This is not adequate pressure to properly operate the fire sprinkler system, and to provide adequate water flow to fight a fire. A possible reason the low fire flow rates is due to the geographic location of the Compton Community College Campus within the City of Compton water system. The campus lies at the very southeast corner of the city service area, thereby not receiving optimum hydraulic advantages of the municipal system. Also the water main in Greenleaf Avenue that was the only service point to the campus is only an 8-inch diameter water main, and there are substantial head-losses when flow demand is summoned at the school campus. Normally for a development like the Compton Community College campus, a fire flow of approximately 2500 GPM or greater would be optimal. The second problem exists with the nature, size and capacity of the water distribution system on the campus. The existing water distribution system within the Compton Community College Campus consists of a single 8-inch diameter looped waterline which encircles most buildings on the campus. On the whole, the on-campus water distribution system is adequate to satisfy the basic demands for domestic water service requirements on the Campus. However, the capacity of this single loop distribution system to also satisfy fire flow demands—demands for both the operation of fire sprinklers in the few buildings that have them and for fire fighting—are questionable at best. As previously discussed, when the new Library/LRC was finalizing construction, the City's fire flow test results were deficient to supply adequate fire flow to the Library/LRC. To increase the fire flow for these two new facilities, a second, upsized and upgraded service connection—10 inch diameter versus the original 8 inch diameter Greenleaf connection—was made to the City of Compton system, and a portion of the campus loop distribution system was also increased to a 10-inch diameter pipe from the intersection of Santa Fe Ave and South Tartar Lane east to the campus looped water system. This 10-inch water line improvement also included the removal of two existing parallel 4-inch meters. The 4-inch meters along with the 8-inch water line created enough hydraulic restriction to justify the new 10-inch water line and two in-line 10" backflow valves. The discovery and replacement of this type of hydraulic constriction demonstrates the need to completely upgrade/replace the entire water system with new, larger and separate water distribution systems—one for domestic water distribution, and one to provide adequate flow for fire sprinkler systems and fire fighting. The age of the existing water system infrastructure, along with its inadequate sizing combine to severely restrict any campus growth, and to meet the future fire flow demands for a safe community college campus. Equally, if not more important to the water distribution system capacity, is the state of reliability of the existing water system. Based on recent conversations with Chevron Engineering and the college maintenance personnel, during fire flow testing many of the existing, fifty-five+ year old water line valves were witnessed to be in a state of inoperability and are in critical need of replacement. Reports by maintenance personnel indicate that some of these aged valves may not be accessible and may be permanently seized up in a partially closed position. This provides further evidence that the campus water system is operating outside of its effective service life. The water system was built in the early 1950's, and at 55+ years is well over the service life for the type and quality of materials used during that time period. The third issue with the water distribution system is that of redundancy of connection and/or outside source of water for fire fighting and fire suppression. Another significant component of reliability is the redundancy of system connections to supply emergency fire flows when a portion of the water system is either shut down for maintenance or undergoing emergency repairs. The existing campus water system has limited redundancy with the City of Compton water system supplying both of the connections to the Campus water system. Based on the critical nature of the occupancy on the campus, additional connections to the City of Long Beach water system to the south in Artesia Boulevard and to the Southern California Water Service Company system to the south is prudent to provide reliable and adequate fire flow for fighting fires on the campus. Most importantly, the above described changes are necessary to ensure that the students, staff, visitors, maintenance personnel and the State of California have the basic right to have confidence that they have reliable water supply systems that will not only provide adequate and reliable domestic water service, but, more importantly, a water distribution system that will provide adequate and reliable fire life safety protection, both now and into the future. Recommendations: Our recommendation is to completely replace the water system with a modern, highly reliable split system which can meet or exceed the potential fire flow capacity for the college's long term growth. As shown on the conceptual Water System Drawings (See Figure #1), a 10-inch diameter looped water main around the campus should be constructed for fire protection, with an additional 4 inch water line loop for domestic water service. Additionally, a new 12-inch diameter supply line needs to be installed to connect to the City of Compton water system, as well as new 12-inch connections needs to be made to the City of Long Beach water system and to the Southern California Water Service Company. Depending on the water pressures and supply available, the newly constructed 10-inch water main off of Santa Fe Ave might possibly remain. The proposed additional connection to the City of Long Beach or to California Water Service Company must be looked at with detailed attention to costs and water systems contribution to supply adequate fire flow. The proposed new 12-inch connection alternative on Greenleaf Ave also requires additional offsite water main construction. The water main on Greenleaf Ave will most likely need upgrading to a 10-inch or 12-inch water main all the way to Santa Fe Ave. The cost estimate reflects these probable costs. To create redundancy in the water system as mentioned previously, the college is recommended to seek connection to the City of Long Beach water system or the California Water Service Company system. Sanitary Sewer System The existing sanitary sewer system consists of 6-inch and 8-inch vitrified clay sewer pipe that was originally constructed around the early 1930's. A more recently constructed portion of the sewer system is a 10-inch polyvinyl sewer pipe which is located at the southeast corner of the campus. There are two main sewer corridors serving the campus. The northern section of the sewer is the oldest and serves the northern portion of the campus. The southern portion of the sewer system, which recently has incurred numerous repairs, is somewhat newer. The existing sanitary sewer system is old and is past its useful service life. Evidence of this age is noted with the recent total collapse of

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the vitrified clay sewer line. Further, future growth cannot be accommodated with the existing system. Several portions of the existing sanitary sewer system are pressurized systems, which require and are operated by a series of pumps, which have a cost to operate and require regular maintenance. The proposed new sanitary sewer system would eliminate the need for the use of these pumps by installation of gravity collection system. As noted previously, the existing campus sanitary sewer system currently connects into and is served by the City of Long Beach. Although the Los Angeles County Sanitation District does have sewer lines in the area and adjacent to the college, they are not servicing the college. Maintenance personnel at the College have indicated that maintenance has historically involved cleaning sewer lines to remove debris buildup. The primary cause of debris buildup has been due to solidification of grease in the pipes. Based on conversations with maintenance personnel, the concentrations of grease primarily originated from the Student Lounge/Cafeteria Building. More significantly, portions of the existing sewer system have recently experienced total collapse which created unhealthy and dangerous conditions until emergency repairs can be completed. The oldest parts of this system are over 75 years old and are well over the service life for the type and quality of materials used during that time period. A new sanitary sewer system will provide adequate functionality for current use and planned future growth. Recommendation: Our recommendation is to completely rebuild the sanitary sewer collection system on the campus with a modern, highly reliable system which can meet current capacity and provide for the College's long term growth, as shown on the attached sanitary sewer system drawings. Evidence of the existing sanitary sewer system's age is noted with the recent collapsing of the vitrified clay sewer lines. Further, the sewer study report prepared by Boyle Engineering in November 2005 indicates that the then-approved expansion of the campus—the Performing Arts Center—would necessitate significant improvements to the sanitary sewer system. Implementing a new sanitary sewer system will also eliminate the two sewer ejector pump systems and convert them to a gravity collection system, saving the College long term operational and maintenance costs. It is recommended that grease interceptor vaults to serve all buildings that have food services should also be installed to offset long term maintenance problems. This will eliminate grease buildup and it will satisfy new and ever stricter environmental requirements mandated for the sewer agency. Such vaults should be located external to the buildings and be sized adequately to meet the capacity requirements for each location. To accomplish these steps, it is recommended that sewer service be transferred to the Los Angeles County Sanitation District (LACSD) A 36-inch diameter sanitary sewer overflow system would be located along Artesia Blvd along the south side of the Campus property inside an easement so that the sewer connection could be made outside of the Artesia Boulevard right-of-way. The depth of this sewer line is such that it will be capable of collecting the entire Campus site with a gravity system. In discussions with the LACSD, they indicated that such a connection would be allowed, however, since it is a relatively new system, the design and construction will be given detailed attention in order to preserve the integrity of the 36-inch diameter sewer main. The LACSD indicated however that they would prefer that the campus sewer collection system remained private. Storm Drainage, Surfaced Run-off and On-site Refention Systems The existing storm drain water system for the Campus is severely limited. Only the southwest portion of the school campus is served by a shallow buried 21-inch diameter storm drain main line. This storm line collects drainage around the Shower and Locker Room buildings and the Gym, only. This same system also picks up the lawn and courtyard drainage along the south side of the Math/Science Building, and a small portion of the access road fronting the south side of these buildings. However, the exact layout of the collection system is not fully well defined due to insufficient as-built information at the Campus. This 21-inch storm main line drains south along the east edge of the football field to a storm drain system in Artesia Boulevard. The northeast portion of the site, which includes the largest of the parking lots and the entire area around the original linear classroom wings, surface drains east toward the main north-south access road—Campus Entry Drive—which is the entrance to the Campus, running between Artesia and Greenleaf. As this road is extremely flat, surface run-off water tends to collect and pond along this road is several spots every time it rains. This ponding disrupts access in the Administration Building, making it unsafe for the public and students to have access to the building whenever rainfall occurs. Water also ponds at both the north and south sides of the Math/Sciences Building, not only making pedestrian access difficult and dangerous, but also creates a driving hazard due to the depth of the ponding. The surface flow eventually drains toward Artesia Ave, however some drainage eventually flows into the residential neighborhood to the east. An additional problem is the wear and tear that this ponding causes to the asphalt surface of Campus Entry Drive. The asphalt breaks up constantly due to the ponding, making the pedestrian surface rough and uneven, with large, loose pieces of asphalt and aggregate. This creates a significant tripping and injury hazard. This condition is constantly being repaired and patched, which is a significant and unnecessary cost to the operating budget for the College. The ponding has also proven, in recent years to create a health hazard, as mosquitoes tend to breed in these large ponds. The health risk of this condition is further greatly exacerbated by the recent arrival of mosquitoes carrying West Nile Virus. The westerly portion of the site, which includes the Maintenance Buildings, Allied Health Sciences Building, Child Development Center, Bookstore and the Vocational Technical building, all drain to the open concrete channel located north of the Major League Baseball fields. The overall assessment of the drainage system is that it is grossly insufficient to properly remove storm water from around buildings, pedestrian walkways, pedestrian plaza areas, pick-up and drop-off areas, and especially from access roadways along the eastern side of the school. The total lack of an underground storm water collection system has compromised safety for maintenance personnel, staff and students and will continue to cause long term detriment to the buildings and parking lots if not attended to. In addition, the potential for mosquito breeding and possible West Nile Virus, and the injury potential of loose paving sections and ever-present loose gravel from deteriorating asphalt create significant health, safety and liability risks for the College. Additionally, storm drain runoff and other surface water regulatory requirements have changed significantly over the last ten years. The following information has been

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compiled regarding current and future storm water requirements and how it may impact the College once it commences any reconstruction or expansion of the campus in the future: WQMB (Water Quality Management Board): The State of California WQMB has no direct permit authority for this project, however they will mandate that site drainage for this project be handled in accordance with DSA requirements. Since DSA does not specifically address site storm water drainage, by default we refer to the 2001 California Building Code Section 3315.4. Here the site drainage requirements are deferred to the "building official or other appropriate jurisdiction" which in this case is the City of Compton, the Los Angeles County Flood Control District and the Los Angeles River Watershed. Although NPDES and SUSMP requirements are mandated to be complied with, the campus expansion project(s) including all construction activities therein shall comply with the following: Basic Permit Requirements: Comply with NPDES (National Pollution Discharge Elimination System) Permit requirements if project disturbs `1 Acre of site. As part of the NPDES requirements, Contractor is to prepare and comply with SWPPP (Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan) plan as approved by the City of Compton. Contractor is to implement as a condition of the SWPPP plan, any and all BMP's as necessary to control pollutants during construction. SUSMP Requirements: The College will be required to prepare and submit a Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP) to City of Compton for approval as part of the permit submittal for construction. This SUSMP plan is to implement as a condition of the SWPPP plan, any and all BMP's which must be incorporated as necessary. City of Compton Storm Water Policy: Per Alan Pyeatt at the City of Compton, the College will need to comply with the following: Should the permitted project exceed 5 Acres in disturbed area, whether in phases or in its entirety, then storm water detention will be required for the increased storm water run-off for the 100yr - 24 Hr storm event. This would be the difference in run-off quantity from the Pre-Developed (current condition) to the Post Developed conditions. Also, onsite infiltration will be encouraged should the site soil conditions be compatible as confirmed by a geotechnical evaluation. Storm water treatment is also recommended to be incorporated as part of the onsite storm water system design. Los Angeles County Flood Control District: Per LACFCD permit counter, no additional storm water quantity control (detention) is required unless the post developed site condition increases the amount of runoff and discharge restrictions into Compton Creek are in place by LACFCD. The restriction threshold is similar based on a first come first serve capacity availability basis. Should additional capacity be used up by other development within the Compton Creek drainage basin before the college applies for a building permit, then detention will be required. IF capacity is available at the time of permit, then no detention is required. Los Angeles River Water Shed Plan: The WQMB Core regulatory for SUSMP within the Los Angeles River Watershed shall comply with the numerical design standards for Best Management Practices (BMP's) for water quality and quantity. The post-construction treatment BMP's are to be designed to mitigate(infiltrate or treat) storm water runoff from the first 3/4" inch of rainfall, prior to discharge to a storm water conveyance system, i.e. Compton Creek. The net result is that the College needs to implement measures to provide for adequate drainage within the Campus, and initiate a plan to implement "Best Management Practices" to allow for proper storm water retention within the limits of the Campus. Recommendation: Both of the asphalt paved areas identified are recommended to be reconstructed to accommodate the new storm drainage system that is also recommended to be installed. By implementing the proposed re-grading plan along Campus Entry Drive it will serve to facilitate longevity of the new roadway paving and parking pavement sections, while it will also eliminate the extensive ponding of storm water. Further, these improvements will not only facilitate site access for students, staff, public and emergency fire life safety personnel and equipment. The areas of the Campus Entry Drive and the site access reconstruction are shown on the attached drawing as shaded in red (See Figure #2). The existing campus main access road—Campus Entry Drive—which runs north and south along the east property line, has failed and will require total replacement. The western perimeter access road which runs north and south from the northwest corner of the property to the north edge of the Vocational Technology Building is failing as well and must be replaced. In addition to this roadway revisions, storm drain inlets and distributions system will be added to the campus, including the creation of several retention basins throughout the campus to provide for compliance with recent environmental quality regulations regarding storm water runoff. These are also included in Figure #2. Natural Gas Distribution System The original natural gas distribution system has experienced a serious degree of failure over time, with deteriorating and collapsing buried natural gas piping, and failing joints. As a result, gas-fired equipment and appliances—typically water heaters—have been replaced in several buildings with electric heaters, which are not as energy efficient. Additionally, as more of the 55+ year old gas piping deteriorates over time, the risk for serious fire or explosion exists throughout the existing campus and its buildings. Recommendation: The recommendation is to replace the remaining buried natural gas piping, and to restore gas service to the buildings that will likely remain over the long term of the campus life with new, safer piping. Electrical Distribution System —Primary and Secondary Electrical Distribution Systems The primary and secondary electrical power distribution system at the North end of the Campus was designed and installed in the early 1950s. The existing transformer substation and the primary and secondary conductors were installed in 1951-2. Increased electrical demand in all of the educational and office spaces of the Campus has rendered the existing transformer substation inadequate for current load requirements. The primary and secondary distribution system is also in very poor condition with extensive and irreversible corrosion at terminal blocks, conductors, connectors and grounding clamps. This causes increased resistance in the distribution system with a corresponding increase in the likelihood of fire, short circuits and/or loss of power. Recommendation: Our recommendation is to install new, concrete encased conduits, new primary and secondary conductors and a new 1500 KVA transformer substation. The additional devices are shown on the conceptual Campus Électrical Distribution System Drawing. This project will be evaluated for submittal to the CCC/IOU Energy Efficiency Partnership and will incorporate best practices training for staff, energy-efficient technology and energy management implementation. Site Lighting System Currently, the site lighting system consists of various pole mounted

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cobra and/or shoebox style luminaries throughout the parking lots, with pole mounted single fixture lighting and low level illuminated bollards at pedestrian walkways, and building mounted wall packs. These fixtures vary in age, wattage and manufacturer and range in condition from fair to poor. The lighting controller systems are dated and inefficient. It appears that the backbone of the current lighting system was originally constructed circa 1955 and has been repaired and/or expanded to its current configuration. Nighttime illumination at the campus is generally inadequate and/or non-existent. Most pedestrian walkways have less than 0.2 fc; most parking lots have less than 0.2 fc and most service, lawn and landscape areas lees than 0.1 fc. Many areas have no measurable illumination at all. Nighttime students, staff, visitors and maintenance personnel are at risk both from a security standpoint as well as from those hazards normally associated inadequate lighting. People need to see what they are doing and where they are going. Recommendation: Our recommendation is to install new conduits, conductors and a lighting control system integrated into the currently installed ECMS. Existing lighting devices that have exceeded their lifecycle will be replaced and additional devices will be added to increase illumination levels to acceptable levels. The additional devices are shown on the conceptual Campus-wide Lighting System Drawing. This project will be considered for submittal to the CCC/IOU Energy Efficiency Partnership and may incorporate best practices training for staff, energy-efficient technology and energy management implementation. Student/ Staff Security Systems —Fire Detection and Alarms, Electronic Safety and Security Systems, Electronic Surveillance Systems, Data and Voice Communications Systems, CATV Systems, Telephone Systems Fire Detection and Fire Alarm Systems—Throughout all of the Campus, the fire detection and fire alarm systems are non-compliant, manually operated units, all of which have exceeded their useful life. All newer structures on the Campus have had to be stand-alone systems, which cannot be centrally monitored. Electronic Safety, Security and Surveillance Systems—There is no centrally monitored safety or security system presently installed on the campus. Only the newer buildings have individual, remotely monitored intrusion detection systems. There is no electronic surveillance system presently installed on the campus for Campus Security. There is no Security Alert/Notification System (Emergency Code Blue System) or equipment on the Campus. Data and Voice Communications Systems, CATV Systems, Telephone Systems—The basic data and voice communication system is non-functional but has been selectively augmented in a piecemeal "retrofit" manner with new data cabling and wireless technology. The original Public Address system is totally non-functional. The existing telephone system is the only available emergency communication means available to reach throughout the entirety of the campus. Expansion of emergency communication systems beyond the current capacity of the telephone system is limited. There is no CATV system presently installed on the campus. The fire detection and alarm systems do not provide uniform and/or code compliant protection to the campus. In the event of an emergency, available options for communication with students, staff, visitors and maintenance personnel are quite limited. Conversely, there is no available means for requesting assistance generally available to any persons on the campus—Students, Faculty, Staff or Public. Currently campus security is provided solely by the Campus Police Force, who can only be contacted by phone. Recommendation: Our recommendation is to install new, integrated Security, Safety and Communication Systems. These systems would include a fully automatic fire alarm system, with centralized and addressable campus reporting, a classroom security and communication system, code blue interactive voice system and campus-wide video surveillance cameras. The security and safety system will be scaleable to allow for future technology and/or capability expansion and will consist in its proposed iteration of 32 PTZ video cameras, and 12 Code Blue pedestals located throughout the campus. A conduit system will be installed composed of 4 each 5" diameter main conduits with vaults, pull-boxes and hand-holes as required for 3" feeders to allow for terminal installation of data, voice communication and CATV feeds. This system will also accommodate the cabling requirements for the addressable, automatic fire alarm system as well as the classroom security system. To take advantage of the open trenching for the security systems, new conduits for data and voice communication and CATV will also concurrently be installed. These additional devices and conduits are shown on the conceptual Security and Communication Systems Drawing. All of the above described work is documented on the attached plans and is incorporated into the attached detailed construction cost estimate. The construction cost estimate have also been incorporated into the JCAF 32. All of these attachments and drawings are included in the COBCP tab of the Fusion `Forms` section. Original IPP Language: The proposed project is to correct safety issues associated with the existing campus-wide utility infrastructure--with special emphasis on the electrical distribution system, and the code required fire suppression/fire fighting water distribution system. The infrastructure upgrades are required to safely support the increased electrical loads and demands that have resulted from recently constructed capital projects (Math/Science & Voc Tech) as well as the LRC, CDC and Stadium Upgrades that are currently under construction. The College's existing utility infrastructure was developed at the time the original campus was constructed, and is over 50 years old. In addition to the degrading effects of age (50+ years) on the infrastructure systems, all of the existing academic and administrative spaces have experienced significant changes in electrical demands resulting from the addition of computers, and other electrical equipment to support current curriculum requirements and current teaching modalities, all of which are beyond the load requirements on which the original designs were based. Additionally, all of the newly constructed buildings, as well as those under construction, impose a significantly higher utility infrastructure demand (particularly electrical) than was envisioned to be accommodated in the original system design. Additionally, the fire code requirements for fire detection, fire suppression (fire sprinklers) and fire fighting have all significantly increased over the last 50 years. The campus barely meets current fire code requirements for fire suppression/fire fighting flow requirements based on flow tests required by the local fire agency in order to receive DSA Fire Marshal approval for the buildings currently under construction. Recently passed storm water pollution prevention codes also cannot be met without significant modifications to the campus' limited storm water system. In order to prevent future



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District Priority & Project: 3 Infrastructure Replacement Phase 2

catastrophic failure of these systems, a full evaluation of all existing campus infrastructure systems--fire suppression and fire fighting water systems, electrical distribution and communication systems, storm water systems, and other infrastructure systems must be evaluated for capacity to serve the campus and comply with current codes. Based on the results of this study, subsequent replacement of necessary infrastructure components is proposed. In order to expedite the investigation and design of the required upgrades, and as a part of their local participation in the project, the District proposes to fund the P and W phases of the project from their GO bond funds in order to prevent significant difficulties from occurring when the LRC, CDC, and Stadium projects are completed. This is an IPP for FY 2007/2008.



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District Priority & Project: 3 Infrastructure Replacement Phase 2

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary							0
Project Secondary							0
Project Net ASF							0

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)		
Summary	Net ASF ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	0	0

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)							
	Primary Effect			Secondary Effect			
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	
-	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH	
Lab Space				0		0	

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	0		0.00

#### **Project Intent & Scope**

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## **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project:	4 Allied Health Building					
Project Type:	Site Acquisition	<ul><li>☐ New Construction</li><li>☐ Infrastructure</li></ul>	Reconstruction			
	□ Replacement		Equipment			
Total Estimated Cost:	\$12,624,000					
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	State and Non-State					
Type of Construction						
Seismic Retrofit:						
If Existing - Age:						
If Existing - Condition:						

#### **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2010-2011	2010-2011	2010-2011	2010-2011	2015-2016
Estimated Cost		\$545,000	\$425,000	\$10,747,000	\$907,000	

#### Explain why this project is needed:

The project involves the renovation and reactivation of the Allied Health Building #26 to provide functional, efficient and modern facilities for Allied Health instruction,

#### **FACILITIES PROBLEMS**

- The program has been displaced from the 13,983 ASF Allied Health Building because the facility was damaged by a flood in December 2006. Subsequent demolition of the flood-damaged interiors revealed an extensive infestation of mold.
- The instructional program is currently located in temporary facilities that are too small to efficiently house the curriculum. Disparate functions share inflexible spaces, and faculty offices are isolated from instructional spaces. The temporary facilities will be demolished because their mechanical, electrical, plumbing and seismic systems are severely inadequate. A permanent home is needed for Allied Health programs.
- The Allied Health Building is available for reuse, but it cannot be reactivated without a major restoration and renovation to repair flood damage, correct failed systems, update the building layout, and modernize the instructional technology infrastructure.

#### SCOPE OF WORK

- Renovate 13,983 ASF in the Allied Health Building to house Allied Health instruction, correct flood damage, and remove mold and hazardous materials.
- Reconfigure space and modernize instructional technology infrastructure to support current curriculum and learning methodologies.
- Provide compliant MEP systems and exceed energy efficiency requirements; improve structure, replace roof; remove earthen retaining wall, finish the building exterior, correct grading, culvert and sidewalk.
- Provide convenient access and utility to all users. Remove ADA non-compliant Forum control room from the Space Inventory, relocate Allied Health functions out of Building D and the Library.

#### READY ACCESS PROJECT

The proposal is submitted as a Ready Access project.



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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 4 Allied Health Building

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary							0
Project Secondary							0
Project Net ASF							0

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	2,761	47.3	5,837

<b>Laboratories &amp; Laboratory</b>	Service A	Areas (Room L	Jse Codes 21	10, 215, 2	20, 225, 230, 2	25, 255)
	Primary Effect			Secondary Effect		
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
1200 - Health	4,598	214	2,149	0	0	0
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH
Lab Space				4.598		2.149

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	1 515	140	10.82

#### **Project Intent & Scope**

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## **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project:	5 Instructional Building 1 Replacement						
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition	☐ New Construction	Reconstruction				
	Replacement	☐ Infrastructure	☐ Equipment				
Total Estimated Cost:	\$18,793,000						
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	State and Non-State						
Type of Construction							
Seismic Retrofit:							
If Existing - Age:							
If Existing - Condition:							

#### **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2014-2015	2014-2015	2018-2019	2015-2016	2020-2021
Estimated Cost		\$622,000	\$986,000	\$17,185,000	\$0	

### Explain why this project is needed:

The proposed project involves the replacement of existing facilities with appropriate space to support modern instruction and learning methodologies.

#### FACILITIES PROBLEMS INCLUDE:

- The existing E, F and G Row Buildings were constructed in 1953. There has been no comprehensive renovation of the buildings since that time. The facilities are deteriorating and currently configured as 'make-shift' instructional space.
- Third-party engineering evaluations indicate that mechanical, electrical and plumbing systems are failing, and structural and life/safety systems do not conform to current standards.
- There is a critical lack of infrastructure to support 'smart' instructional technology.
- The M1 ESL/Speech trailer and M2 Americorps Trailer are underutilized or unused because they are deteriorated.
- The estimated cost of renovation exceeds the cost of replacement.

#### **SOLUTION CRITERIA:**

• The criteria for the solution are to replace underutilized, aged and dysfunctional buildings with modern instructional facilities, and to replace portables with permanent space.

#### SCOPE OF WORK:

• Construct a replacement facility to house general instruction and shared computer labs. Demolish 2 wings of building E, 1 wing of building F, all of building G, and modulars M1 and M2.



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District Priority & Project: 5 Instructional Building 1 Replacement

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary	9,585	4,117	3,222	0	0	216	17,140
Project Secondary	-10,177	-2,194	-5,544	-7,354	-316	-6,532	-32,117
Project Net ASF	-592	1,923	-2,322	-7,354	-316	-6,316	-14,977

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	-592	47.3	-1.251

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)								
	Primary Effect			Secondary Effect				
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH		
1200 - Health	0	0	0	-2,194	-214	-1,025		
2200 - Social Sciences	4,117	150	2,745	0	0	0		
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH		
Lab Space				1,923		1,719		

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	-2,322	140	-16.59

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## **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project:	6 Instructional Bu	6 Instructional Building 2 Replacement					
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition	New Construction	Reconstruction				
	Replacement	☐ Infrastructure	☐ Equipment				
Total Estimated Cost:	\$24,996,000						
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	State and Non-State						
Type of Construction							
Seismic Retrofit:							
If Existing - Age:							
If Existing - Condition:							

#### **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2019-2020	2021-2022
Estimated Cost		\$1,166,000	\$779,000	\$22,571,000	\$480,000	

### Explain why this project is needed:

The proposed project involves the replacement of existing facilities with appropriate space to support modern instruction and learning methodologies.

#### FACILITIES PROBLEMS INCLUDE:

- The existing D row, E-row, and F-row buildings were constructed in 1953. There has been no comprehensive renovation of the buildings since that time other than Building D had some minimal work. The facilities are currently configured as 'make-shift' instructional space.
- Third-party engineering evaluations indicate that mechanical, electrical and plumbing systems are failing, and structural and life/safety systems do not conform to current standards.
- There is a critical lack of infrastructure to support 'smart' instructional technology.
- The estimated cost of renovation exceeds the cost of replacement.

#### **SOLUTION CRITERIA:**

 The criteria for the solution is to replace underutilized, aged and dysfunctional buildings with modern instructional facilities, and to replace portables with permanent space.

#### SCOPE OF WORK:

- Construct a replacement facility to house general instruction and shared computer labs.
- Demolish the remaining E row building #6 (the first phase was demolished with Instructional Bldg #1). Demolish the remaining F wing (first phase was demolished with Instructional Bldg #1). Demolish a portion of Bldg D wing (row building).



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# **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project: 6 Instructional Building 2 Replacement

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary	9,200	3,200	2,190	1,600	1,000	2,970	20,160
Project Secondary	-5,173	-1,200	-5,951	0	-3,462	-1,469	-17,255
Project Net ASF	4,027	2,000	-3,761	1,600	-2,462	1,501	2,905

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)			
Summary	Net ASF AS	SF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	4,027	47.3	8,514

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)							
		Primary Effect		Secondary Effect			
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	
1000 - Art (Painting, Drawing and Sculpture)	0	0	0	-1,200	-257	-467	
1500 - Humanities (Letters)	3,200	150	2,133	0	0	0	
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH	
Lab Space				2,000		1,666	

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	-3.761	140	-26.86

### **Project Intent & Scope**

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# **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project:	7 Delta Building Renovation for Police					
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition	☐ New Construction	Reconstruction			
	Replacement	☐ Infrastructure	☐ Equipment			
Total Estimated Cost:	\$4,706,000					
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	Non-State					
Type of Construction						
Seismic Retrofit:						
If Existing - Age:						
If Existing - Condition:						

### **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2014-2015	2014-2015	2017-2018	2017-2018	2019-2020
Estimated Cost		\$125,000	\$208,000	\$4,250,000	\$123,000	

## Explain why this project is needed:

Renovate and reconfigure the Delta Child Care Facility #31 to house Campus Police functions after the Foster Care training functions are relocated to other instructional facilities.



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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 7 Delta Building Renovation for Police

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary			910			3,360	4,270
Project Secondary			-2,935			-320	-3,255
Project Net ASF			-2,025			3,040	1,015

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)		
Summary	Net ASF ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	0	0

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)							
	Primary Effect			Secondary Effect			
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	
-	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH	
Lab Space				0		0	

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	-2 025	140	-14 46

#### **Project Intent & Scope**

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## **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project:	8 Student Services/Administration Project					
Project Type:	Site Acquisition	New Construction	Reconstruction			
	Replacement	Infrastructure	L Equipment			
Total Estimated Cost:	\$20,382,000					
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	Non-State					
Type of Construction						
Seismic Retrofit:						
If Existing - Age:						
If Existing - Condition:						

#### **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2019-2020	2021-2022
Estimated Cost		\$826,000	\$745,000	\$18,341,000	\$472,000	

#### Explain why this project is needed:

The proposed project will replace the Student Services building and renovate the Administration Building.

#### **FACILITIES PROBLEMS INCLUDE:**

- The existing C-wings were constructed in 1953. There has been no comprehensive renovation of the buildings since that time. The facilities are currently configured as 'make-shift' instructional space.

  • The remaining D row building was constructed in 1953; the building is inadequate to support campus use
- Third-party engineering evaluations indicate that mechanical, electrical and plumbing systems are failing, and structural and life/safety systems do not conform to current standards.
- There is a critical lack of infrastructure to support 'smart' technology.
- The estimated cost of renovation exceeds the cost of replacement.

#### SOLUTION CRITERIA:

• The criteria for the solution are to replace underutilized, aged and dysfunctional buildings with modern facilities.

#### SCOPE OF WORK:

- Construct a replacement facility to house student support services in one centralized location and renovate the Administration Building.
- Demolish C wing #4.



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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 8 Student Services/Administration Project

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary	2,000	2,600	15,821	3,550	1,200	3,100	28,271
Project Secondary	-791	0	-11,615	0	0	-5,000	-17,406
Project Net ASF	1,209	2,600	4,206	3,550	1,200	-1,900	10,865

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	1.209	47.3	2.556

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)								
	Primary Effect			Secondary Effect				
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH		
4900 - Other Interdisciplinary Studies	2,600	257	1,012	0	0	0		
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH		
Lab Space				2.600		1.012		

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	4 206	140	30.04

## **Project Intent & Scope**

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# **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project:	9 Vocational Technology Renovation					
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition ☐ Replacement	<ul><li></li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Reconstruction</li><li>☐ Equipment</li></ul>			
Total Estimated Cost:	\$12,820,000					
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	Non-State					
Type of Construction						
Seismic Retrofit:						
If Existing - Age:						
If Existing - Condition:						

## **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2019-2020	2019-2020	2020-2021	2020-2021	2021-2022
Estimated Cost		\$500,000	\$820,000	\$10,500,000	\$1,000,000	

## Explain why this project is needed:

This project will renovate the Vocational Technology building 29 on the Compton College campus.



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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 9 Vocational Technology Renovation

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary	1,940	35,729	3,802			3,770	45,241
Project Secondary	-1,940	-35,729	-3,802			-3,770	-45,241
Project Net ASF	0	0	0			0	0

## **Project Net Capacity**

Lab Space

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)		
Summary	Net ASF ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	0	0

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)									
	Primary Effect			Secondary Effect					
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH			
0500 - Business and Management	2,112	128	1,650	-2,112	-128	-1,650			
0700 - Information Technology	3,516	171	2,056	-3,516	-171	-2,056			
0900 - Engineering & Industrial Technologies	21,089	321	6,570	-21,089	-321	-6,570			
1300 - Family and Consumer Sciences	1,340	257	521	-1,340	-257	-521			
4900 - Interdisciplinary Studies	7,672	257	2,985	-7,672	-257	-2,985			
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH			

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	0		0.00

## **Project Intent & Scope**

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## **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project:	10 MIS Building #21 Upgrade (Print Shop)				
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition	☐ New Construction	Reconstruction		
	Replacement	Infrastructure	Equipment		
Total Estimated Cost:	\$3,000,000				
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	Non-State				
Type of Construction					
Seismic Retrofit:					
If Existing - Age:					
If Existing - Condition:					

### **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2010-2011	2010-2011	2021-2022	2021-2022	2021-2022
Estimated Cost		\$110,000	\$170,000	\$2,600,000	\$120,000	

## Explain why this project is needed:

Renovate MIS Building (Print Shop) and upgrade campus network. This is a multiple phase project and phase 1 was complete in 2013. Phase 2 is awaiting funding before it will begin.



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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 10 MIS Building #21 Upgrade (Print Shop)

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary						5,261	5,261
Project Secondary						-5,261	-5,261
Project Net ASF						0	0

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)							
Summary	Net ASF ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH					
Classroom Snace	0	0					

<b>Laboratories &amp; Laboratory</b>	Service A	Areas (Room l	Jse Codes 2'	10, 215, 2	20, 225, 230, 2	35, 255)
	Primary Effect			Secondary Effect		
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
-	0	0	0	0	0	0
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH
Lab Space				0		0

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	0		0.00

## **Project Intent & Scope**

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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project:	11 Math Science Renovation					
Project Type:	<ul><li>☐ Site Acquisition</li><li>☐ Replacement</li></ul>	<ul><li></li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Reconstruction</li><li>☐ Equipment</li></ul>			
Total Estimated Cost:	\$8,398,000					
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	Non-State					
Type of Construction						
Seismic Retrofit:						
If Existing - Age:						
If Existing - Condition:						

## **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2021-2022	2022-2023
Estimated Cost		\$250,000	\$448,000	\$7,000,000	\$700,000	

## Explain why this project is needed:

This project will renovate the Math Science building on the Compton College campus.



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## Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 11 Math Science Renovation

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary	4,811	15,942	3,056			481	24,290
Project Secondary	-4,811	-15,942	-3,056			-481	-24,290
Project Net ASF	0	0	0			0	0

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)							
Summary	Net ASF ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH					
Classroom Space	0	0					

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)							
		Primary Effect			Secondary Effect		
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	
0400 - Biological Sciences	6,385	235	2,717	-6,385	-235	-2,717	
1700 - Mathematics	1,985	150	1,323	-1,985	-150	-1,323	
1900 - Physical Sciences	6,977	257	2,715	-6,977	-257	-2,715	
4900 - Interdisciplinary Studies	595	257	232	-595	-257	-232	
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH	
Lab Space				0		0	

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)						
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE			
Office Space	0		0.00			

## **Project Intent & Scope**

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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project:	12 CDC Renovation	n	
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition	☐ New Construction	Reconstruction
	Replacement	Infrastructure	Equipment
Total Estimated Cost:	\$3,000,000		
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	Non-State		
Type of Construction			
Seismic Retrofit:			
If Existing - Age:			
If Existing - Condition:			

## **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2020-2021	2020-2021	2021-2022	2021-2022	2022-2023
Estimated Cost		\$120,000	\$240,000	\$2,400,000	\$240,000	

## Explain why this project is needed:

This project will renovate the CDC on the Compton College campus.



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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 12 CDC Renovation

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary	2,688					5,294	7,982
Project Secondary	-2,688					-5,294	-7,982
Project Net ASF	0					0	0

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)		
Summary	Net ASF ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	0	0

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)								
	Primary Effect			Secondary Effect				
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH		
-	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH		
Lab Space				0		0		

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	0		0.00

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FUSION 2 Planning

## Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project:	13 Physical Education Complex Replacement					
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition	☐ New Construction	Reconstruction			
	Replacement	☐ Infrastructure	☐ Equipment			
Total Estimated Cost:	\$32,328,000					
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	State and Non-State					
Type of Construction						
Seismic Retrofit:						
If Existing - Age:						
If Existing - Condition:						

#### **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2020-2021	2020-2021	2021-2022	2021-2022	2024-2025
Estimated Cost		\$1,239,000	\$1,294,000	\$29,472,000	\$322,000	

### Explain why this project is needed:

The proposed project involves the replacement of existing Physical Education facilities with appropriate space to support modern instruction and learning methodologies, and to replace and activate unused spaces.

#### FACILITIES PROBLEMS INCLUDE:

- The existing Men's Shower/Locker Building and the Special Services Students Building were constructed in 1953. The Gym and Pool Service Building were built in the early 1960s. There has been no comprehensive renovation of the buildings since that time. The facilities are currently configured as 'make-shift' instructional space.
- The Women's showers and lockers areas in Building U #25 locked and unused because the MEP systems have failed and the facility is inadequate to support any campus function.
- Third-party engineering evaluations indicate that mechanical, electrical and plumbing systems are failing, and structural and life/safety systems do not conform to current standards.
- The Gym is used heavily by students and member of the community; this facility is a critical resource in the Compton community.
- The estimated cost of renovation exceeds the cost of replacement.

#### **SOLUTION CRITERIA:**

• The criteria for the solution are to replace underutilized, aged and dysfunctional buildings with modern Physical Education/Athletics facilities, and to replace and activate unused spaces.

#### SCOPE OF WORK:

- Construct a replacement facility to house Physical Education instruction, Athletics events, and community activities.
- Demolish Gym #13, Men Shower + Lockers #18, Pool Building #20, Classroom V Special Services Students building #22, Women Shower + Lockers #25.



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## Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 13 Physical Education Complex Replacement

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary	0		3,065			39,960	43,025
Project Secondary	-1,138		-4,217			-36,293	-41,648
Project Net ASF	-1,138		-1,152			3,667	1,377

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	-1.138	47.3	-2.405

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)								
	Primary Effect			Secondary Effect				
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH		
-	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH		
Lab Space				0		0		

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	-1 152	140	-8 23

#### **Project Intent & Scope**

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## Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project:	14 Visual and Performing Arts Replacement					
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition	☐ New Construction	Reconstruction			
	Replacement	☐ Infrastructure	☐ Equipment			
Total Estimated Cost:	\$9,990,000					
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	State					
Type of Construction						
Seismic Retrofit:						
If Existing - Age:						
If Existing - Condition:						

#### **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2022-2023	2022-2023	2023-2024	2023-2024	2025-2026
Estimated Cost		\$455,000	\$414,000	\$9,075,000	\$46,000	

## Explain why this project is needed:

This project demolishes and replaces 3 of the 4 wings of the 60 year old Music Building (Y Bldg.). The 3,001 asf Little Theater (rooms 97 & 97A) was recently renovated and will be retained. The rest of the building is in very poor condition with a Facilities Condition Index of 85%. Building systems have exceeded their life cycles and are need of replacement. Accessibility is not up to current code.

When completed the new 9,550 gsf/7,581 asf building will provide 880 asf Lecture space, 4,500 asf Lab space, 1,120 asf Faculty Office space, 181 asf AVTV space, and 900 asf of Music support space.



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# **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project: 14 Visual and Performing Arts Replacement

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary	880	4,500	1,120		181	900	7,581
Project Secondary	-912	-4,782	-1,220		-181	-550	-7,645
Project Net ASF	-32	-282	-100		0	350	-64

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)			
Summary	Net ASF AS	F per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	-32	47.1	-68

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)							
		Primary Effect		Secondary Effect			
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	
1000 - Music	4,500	257	1,751	-4,782	-257	-1,861	
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH	
Lab Space				-282		-110	

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	-100	140	-0.71

## **Project Intent & Scope**

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# **Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711**

District Priority & Project:	15 Student Activities Center Replacement					
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition	☐ New Construction	Reconstruction			
	Replacement	☐ Infrastructure	☐ Equipment			
Total Estimated Cost:	\$6,232,000					
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	Non-State					
Type of Construction						
Seismic Retrofit:						
If Existing - Age:						
If Existing - Condition:						

### **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2023-2024	2023-2024	2024-2025	2024-2025	2025-2026
Estimated Cost		\$321,000	\$210,000	\$5,386,000	\$315,000	

### Explain why this project is needed:

Construct a replacement facility to house Student Activities, Bookstore, Cafeteria.

Demolish Student Activities + Bookstore #23, Student Lounge Cafeteria #24.



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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 15 Student Activities Center Replacement

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary			1,500			12,700	14,200
Project Secondary			-1,708			-9,533	-11,241
Project Net ASF			-208			3,167	2,959

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)		
Summary	Net ASF ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	0	0

<b>Laboratories &amp; Laboratory</b>	Service A	Areas (Room L	Jse Codes 2'	10, 215, 2	20, 225, 230, 2	235, 255)
		Primary Effect		Secondary Effect		
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
-	0	0	0	0	0	0
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH
Lab Space				0		0

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	-208	140	-1 /10

## **Project Intent & Scope**

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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project:	16 Instructional Building 3 Replacement					
Project Type:	☐ Site Acquisition	New Construction	Reconstruction			
	Replacement	☐ Infrastructure	☐ Equipment			
Total Estimated Cost:	\$7,496,000					
Anticipated Source(s) of Funds:	Non-State					
Type of Construction						
Seismic Retrofit:						
If Existing - Age:						
If Existing - Condition:						

## **Anticipated Time Schedule**

	Land Acquisition	Preliminary Plans	Working Drawing	Construction	Equipment	Occupancy
Year		2023-2024	2023-2024	2024-2025	2024-2025	2025-2026
Estimated Cost		\$303,000	\$313,000	\$6,531,000	\$349,000	

## Explain why this project is needed:

Construct an instructional facility.



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# Compton Community College District 710 Compton College 711

District Priority & Project: 16 Instructional Building 3 Replacement

## **Outline of Project Space - Buildings and Remodelings**

	Classroom 100s	Laboratory 210 - 255	Office 300s	Library 400s	AV/TV 530 - 535	All Other	Total ASF
Project Primary	900	4,300	500		0	8,000	13,700
Project Secondary	0	-3,682	-360		-116	0	-4,158
Project Net ASF	900	618	140		-116	8,000	9,542

Classrooms, Classroom Service (Room Use Code 100s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
Classroom Space	900	47.3	1,902

Laboratories & Laboratory Service Areas (Room Use Codes 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 255)						
	Primary Effect Secondary Effect			t		
TOP Code	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH	Net ASF	ASF per 100 WSCH	Capacity WSCH
1000 - Fine Arts, General	3,300	257	1,284	-661	-257	-257
1000 - Music	1,000	257	389	-3,021	-257	-1,175
Summary				Net ASF		Capacity WSCH
Lab Space				618		240

Office & Office Service Areas (Room Use Code 300s)			
Summary	Net ASF	ASF per FTE	Capacity FTE
Office Space	140	140	1.00